



IDENTIFYING DATA

(*)Fundamentos de enxeñaría acústica

Subject	(*)Fundamentos de enxeñaría acústica			
Code	V05G300V01531			
Study programme	(*)Grao en Enxeñaría de Tecnoloxías de Telecomunicación			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	3rd	1st
Teaching language	Spanish			
Department				
Coordinator	Torres Guijarro, María Soledad			
Lecturers	Pena Giménez, Antonio Torres Guijarro, María Soledad			
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General description	Concepts covered by the subject: vibratory systems related to the acoustic wave equation, radiation and propagation, mechanisms of acoustic-mechanical-electrical transduction, behaviour and design of speakers and microphones.			

Competencies

Code	
A3	CG3: The knowledge of basic subjects and technologies that capacitates the student to learn new methods and technologies, as well as to give him great versatility to confront and update to new situations
A43	CE34/SI1 The ability to construct, exploit and manage telecommunication services and applications, such as receiving, digital and analogical treatment, codification, transporting and representation, processing, storage, reproduction, management and presentation of audiovisual and multimedia information services.
A46	CE37/SI4 The ability to carry out acoustic engineering projects related to: acoustical isolation and conditioning of rooms, loudspeaker installations, specification and selection of electro acoustical transducers, measurement, analysis and control of radio vibration systems, environmental acoustics, submarine and acoustical systems.
B2	To approach a new problem considering first the essential and then the secondary aspects

Learning aims

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results	
Results of learning:	A3	B2
□ Evaluate the different types of microphones from the point of view of their technical specifications and their possible applications.	A43	
□ Describe the acoustic wave radiation phenomenon.		
□ Understand the basic mechanisms of mechanical-acoustic transduction.		
□ Analyze electro-mechanical systems using acoustic analogies based on circuit theory.		
□ Design acoustic systems using speakers, cabinets and horns.		
Results of learning:	A3	B2
□ Understand the basic mechanisms of vibration of different elements and understand their relationship with sound production.	A46	
□ Learn the basics of linear acoustics and relate the concepts of pressure, particle velocity, current, power and impedance.		
□ Explain the sound propagation phenomena and analyze the influence of the medium		

Contents

Topic

1. Sound power measurement tests.	Acoustic variables. Sound field. Propagation. Uses of intensity and power. Sound intensity probes. Power measurement standards using acoustic pressure or intensity.
2. Models of radiation sources.	Directivity. Acoustic impedance. Monopole. Dipole. Monopole on infinite baffle. Baffled circular piston. Directivity measurement standards.
3. Vibrating systems.	Damped and forced oscillatory motion. Vibration of strings, bars, membranes and plates. The sound in tubes. Sound sources. Acoustic filters.
4. Specifications and measurement of electroacoustic systems.	Introduction to loudspeakers: baffles and crossovers. Acoustic measurement tests: measurement of speakers. Measurement of noise and nonlinear distortion.
5. Analogies and transduction.	Electro-mechano-acoustic systems. Equivalent circuits. Transduction
6. Speakers, horns and cabinets.	Equivalent model of an infinite baffle loudspeaker. Equivalent model of a cabinet with speaker. Horns.
7. Cabinet design.	
8. Microphones.	A microphone equivalent model. Tank circuits.

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	3	6	9
Practice in computer rooms	11	19	30
Projects	7	45	52
Master Session	19	38	57
Short answer tests	2	0	2

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Given a certain situation, students should obtain the reasoned suitable solution, properly choosing the applicable formulas and arriving to a valid solution.
Practice in computer rooms	Handle and adjustment of tools of analysis and algorithms, identifying which is appropriate for a given situation.
Projects	Collaborative work in reduced groups. A complex design with a regular monitoring agenda. Role assignments, working in common, planning and oral presentation.
Master Session	Oral speech, promoting the critical discussion of the concepts. Theoretical bases of algorithms and procedures used to solve problems are presented.

Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Master Session	Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: -> Individually or -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students). E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. ----- During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-assessment within the group and self-assessment may be used.
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: -> Individually or -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students). E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. ----- During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-assessment within the group and self-assessment may be used.
Practice in computer rooms	Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: -> Individually or -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students). E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. ----- During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-assessment within the group and self-assessment may be used.
Projects	Tutoring to solve issues related to master sessions or lab practice is implemented: -> Individually or -> in reduced groups (no more than 2-3 students). E-mail confirmation to match the date of the appointment is needed. ----- During group projects an individualized tracking of the student is developed. Cross-assessment within the group and self-assessment may be used.

Assessment

	Description	Qualification
Practice in computer rooms	Assessment of the reports describing the results obtained in the computer classroom.	15
Projects	Assessment of the work realised in group along the semester, including the preparation of reports.	35

Other comments on the Evaluation

Following the guidelines of the studies, two evaluation systems will be offered to the students inscribed on this subject: continuous evaluation (the preferred method, academic activities are linked to this system) and evaluation at the end of the semester (not recommended).

*** Students who choose continuous evaluation:**

Students follow the continuous evaluation system if they assign a document that will be delivered and collected during weeks 1-3, so the collaborative work can begin. Three tasks are evaluated. The approximate task calendar and the weight of each task in the final grade are listed below.

* Reports / memories of practice (Weight: 15%) collected approximately in week 14-15.

* Written exam (weight: 50%): At the end of the semester, the same day when the final exam is planned.

* Collaborative work in a group C (weight: 35%): during the semester each group develop several reports related to the laboratory tests. These reports must be delivered approximately once per week.

The final grade for students who opt for continuous evaluation will be the sum of the three tasks mentioned above. Five of ten points are needed to pass.

*** Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:**

The possibility of a final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This final exam will be rated between 0 and 10, and this will be the final grade obtained. It will cover all the activities of the subject. Five of ten points are needed to pass.

RETAKE

Two different situations:

=> Students that are evaluated using continuous evaluation:

Two options to choose (just before the exam begins):

* repeat the written exam included in the continuous evaluation planning. The final grade will be the sum of this written exam and the collaborative work scores. Five of ten points are needed to pass.

* be evaluated with the same final exam of students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester. Five of ten points are needed to pass. No other activities are considered.

=> Students who choose for evaluation at the end of the semester:

A final examination will be provided to students who do not opt for the continuous evaluation. This final exam will be rated between 0 and 10, and this will be the final grade obtained. It covers all the activities of the subject. Five of ten points are needed to pass.

Sources of information

Lawrence E. Kinsler, **Fundamentals of acoustics**,

Basilio Pueo Ortega, Miguel Romá Romero, **Electroacústica : altavoces y micrófonos**,

W. Marshall Leach, Jr., **Introduction to electroacoustics and audio amplifier design**,

Finn Jacobsen et al., **FUNDAMENTALS OF ACOUSTICS AND NOISE CONTROL**,

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

(*)Acústica arquitectónica/V05G300V01635

(*)Tecnología audiovisual/V05G300V01631

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

(*)Sistemas de audio/V05G300V01532

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

(*)Física: Análise de circuitos lineais/V05G300V01201

(*)Física: Campos e ondas/V05G300V01202

(*)Física: Fundamentos de mecánica e termodinámica/V05G300V01102

(*)Fundamentos de son e imaxe/V05G300V01405
