Universida_{de}Vigo

Subject Guide 2016 / 2017

IDENTIFYIN	·				
	and Control Fundamentals				
Subject	Automation and				
	Control				
Conto	Fundamentals				
Code	V12G380V01403				
Study	Degree in				
programme	Mechanical				
	Engineering				
Descriptors	ECTS Credits		Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6		Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching	Spanish				
language	English				
Department					
Coordinator	Espada Seoane, Angel Manuel				
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General	In this matter present the basi	c concepts of the syst	ems of industrial au	tomation an	d of the methods of
description					
•	the industrial controller, respe	ctively.	• =	-	-

Competencies

Code

- B3 CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.
- C12 CE12 Know the fundamentals of automation and control methods.
- D2 CT2 Problems resolution.
- D3 CT3 Oral and written proficiency in the own language.
- D6 CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
- D9 CT9 Apply knowledge.
- D16 CT16 Critical thinking.
- D17 CT17 Working as a team.
- D20 CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Learning outcomes					
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results			
			D20		
Know which are the constitutive elements of an industrial automation system, its sizing and as	В3	C12	D2		
they work.			D6		
			D20		
Knowledge applied on the programmable logic controllers, its programming and its application to industrial automation systems.		C12	D2		
			D6		
			D9		
			D16		
			D17		

General knowledge on the continuous control of dynamic systems, of the main tools of simulation B3			D3
of continuous systems and of the main devices of process control with greater interest to industrial			D6
level.			D17
			D20
General concepts of the technicians of industrial controllers tuning.	33	C12	D2
			D9
			D16

Contents	
Topic 1. Introduction the industrial automation.	1.1 Introduction to automation of tasks.
1. Introduction the industrial automation.	1.2 Types of control.
	1.3 The programmable logic controller.
	1.4 Diagram of blocks. Elements of the programmable logic controller.
	1.5 Cycle of operation of the programmable logic controller. Time of cycle
	1.6 Ways of operation.
2. Introduction the programming of	2.1 Binary, octal, hexadecimal and BCD systems. Real numbers.
programmable logic controllers.	2.2 Addressing and access to periphery.
	2.3 Instructions, variables and operands.
	2.4 Forms of representation of a program.
	2.5 Types of modules of program.
2.0	2.6 Linear and structured programming.
3. Programming of programmable logic	3.1 Binary variables. Inputs, outputs and memory.
controllers with I/O.	3.2 Binary combinations.3.3 Operations of allocation.
	3.4 Creation of a simple program.
	3.5 Timers and counters.
	3.6 Arithmetical operations.
	3.7 Examples.
4. Modelling of systems for the programming of	4.1 Basic principles. Modelling technics.
programmable logic controllers .	4.2 Modelling by means of Petri Networks.
	4.2.1 Definition of stages and transitions. Rules of evolution.
	4.2.2 Conditional election between several alternatives.
	4.2.3 Simultaneous sequences. Concurrence. Resource shared.
	4.3 Implementation of Petri Networks.
	4.3.1 Direct implementation.
	4.3.2 Normalised implementation (Grafcet).
E. Danie consents of sutematic control	4.4 Examples.
5. Basic concepts of automatic control. Representation and modelling of continuous	5.1 Systems of regulation in open loop and closed loop.5.2 Control typical loop. Nomenclature and definitions.
systems.	5.3 Physical systems and mathematical models.
393(61113.	5.3.1 Mechanical systems.
	5.3.2 Electrical systems.
	5.3.3 Others.
	5.4 Modelling in state space.
	5.5 Modelling in transfer function. Laplace transform. Properties.
	Examples.
	5.6 Blocks diagrams.
6. Analysis of dynamic systems.	6.1 Stability.
	6.2 Transient response.
	6.2.1 First order systems. Differential equation and transfer function.
	Examples.
	6.2.2 Second order systems. Differential equation and transfer function.
	Examples.
	6.2.3 Effect of the addition of poles and zeros.6.3 Systems reduction.
	6.4 Steady-state response.
	6.4.1 Steady-state errors.
	6.4.2 Input signals and system type.
	6.4.3 Error constants.
7. Controllers and parameters tuning.	7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative.
	7.2 PID controller.
	7.3 Empirical methods of tuning of industrial controllers.
	7.3.1 Open loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.
	7.3.2 Closed loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others.
	7.4 Controllers design state space. Pole assigment.
P1. Introduction to STEP7.	Introduction to the program STEP7, that allows to create and modify
	programs for the Siemens PLC S7-300 and S7-400.

P2. Programming in STEP7.	Modelling of simple automation system and implementation in STEP7
	using binary operations.
P3. Implementation of PN in STEP7.	Petri Networks modelling of simple automation system and introduction to
	the implementation of the same in STEP7.
P4. PN Modelling and implementation in STEP7.	Petri Networks modelling of complex automation system and
	implementation of the same in STEP7.
P5. GRAFCET modelling and implementation with	Petri Networks normalised modelling and implementation with S7-Graph.
S7-Graph.	
P6. Control systems analysis with MATLAB.	Introduction to the control systems instructions of the program MATLAB.
P7. Introduction to SIMULINK.	Introduction to SIMULINK program, an extension of MATLAB for dynamic
	systems simulation.
P8. Modelling and transient response in	Modelling and simulation of control systems with SIMULINK.
SIMULINK.	
P9. Empirical tuning of an industrial controller.	Parameters tuning of a PID controller by the methods studied and implementation of the control calculated in an industrial controller.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Laboratory practises	18	30	48
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	0	15	15
Master Session	32.5	32.5	65
Long answer tests and development	3	19	22

^{*}The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies			
	Description		
Laboratory practises	Different activities aimed to apply the concepts learned during the lectures.		
Troubleshooting and / or The professor is going to solve in class some problems and exercises. The students need to solve			
exercises	similar exercises on their own to obtain the capabilities needed.		
Master Session	Include the professor lectures about the contents of the subject.		

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description
Master Session	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed).
Laboratory practises	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed).
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed).
Tests	Description
Long answer tests and development	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed).

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	ΙT	aining	and
			Lea	rning I	Results
Laboratory practises	It will evaluate each practice of laboratory between 0 and 10 points, in	20	В3	C12	D3
	function of the fulfillment of the aims fixed in the billed of the same and				D6
	of the previous preparation and the attitude of the students. Each				D9
	practical will be able to have distinct weight in the total note.				D16
					D17
					D20
Long answer tests	Final examination of the contents of the matter, that will be able to	80	В3	C12	D2
and development	include problems and exercises, with a punctuation between 0 and 10				D3
	points.				D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

⁻ Continous Assesment of student work practices along established laboratory sessions will be held in the semester, with the

assistance to them mandatory. In the case of not overcome, a review of practices will take place in the second call.

- The assesment of the practices for students who officially renounces Continuous Assesment will be carried out in a review of practices in the two calls.
- It may demand previous requirements to the realisation of each practice in the laboratory, so that they limit the maximum qualification to obtain.
- It must pass both tests (script and practices) to pass the matter, give the total score at the rate indicated above. In case of no longer than two or one test, scaling may be applied to partial notes that the total does not exceed 4.5.
- In the final exam may establish a minimum score on a set of issues to overcome.
- In the second call of the the same course, students should examine the tests (script and/or practices) not passed in the first one, with the same criteria of that.
- According to the Rule of Continuous Assessment, the subject students to Continuous Assessment that present to some activity evaluable collected in the Teaching Guide of the matter, will be considered like "presented".
- Ethical commitment: student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and another ones), it follows that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

E.MANDADO, J.MARCOS, C. FERNANDEZ, J.I.ARMESTO, "Autómatas Programables y Sistemas de Automatización", 2009,

MANUEL SILVA, [Las Redes de Petri en la Automática y la Informática],

R. C. DORF, R. H. BISHOP, "Sistemas de control moderno", 2005,

Complementary:

- "Autómatas Programables. Fundamento. Manejo. Instalación y Práctica", PORRAS, A., MONTERO, A.P., Ed. McGraw-Hill,
- "Automatización. Problemas resueltos con autómatas programables□, J. Pedro Romera, J. Antonio Lorite, Sebastián Montoro. Ed. Paraninfo
- ∏Guía usuario Step7∏ SIEMENS
- □Diagrama de funciones (FUP) para S7-300 y S7-400□ SIEMENS
- □SIMATIC S7-GRAPH para S7-300/400□ SIEMENS
- "Control de sistemas continuos. Problemas resueltos", Barrientos, Ed. Mcgraw-Hill.
- "Modern control engineering", Ogata, K., Ed. Prentice-hall.
- "Retroalimentación y sistemas de control", DISTEFANO, J.J., STUBBERUD, A.R., WILLIAMS, I.J., Ed. McGraw-Hill.

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product Design and Communication, and Automation of Plant Elements/V12G380V01931

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Electronic Technology/V12G380V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computing for Engineering/V12G380V01203

Mathematics: Calculus II and Differential Equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering/V12G380V01303

Other comments

- Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary to had surpassed or well be enrolled of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in the that is summoned this subject.