



IDENTIFYING DATA

Chemistry: Chemistry

Subject	Chemistry: Chemistry			
Code	V12G360V01205			
Study programme	Degree in Industrial Technologies Engineering			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Basic education	1st	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish Galician English			
Department				

Coordinator	Cruz Freire, José Manuel
Lecturers	Bolaño García, Sandra Cancela Carral, María Ángeles Castro Fojo, Jesús Antonio Cruz Freire, José Manuel Deive Herva, Francisco Javier Díez Sarabia, Aida María Estévez Guance, Laura García Fontán, María Soledad García Martínez, Emilia Izquierdo Pazó, Milagros Moldes Mendiña, Ana Belén Moldes Moreira, Diego Nóvoa Rodríguez, Ramón Pazos Curras, Marta María Pérez Lourido, Paulo Antonio Rey Losada, Francisco Jesús Rincón Fontán, Mirian Rodríguez López, Lorena Rodríguez Rodríguez, Ana María Rosales Villanueva, Emilio Souto Salgado, José Antonio Valencia Matarranz, Laura María
E-mail	jmcruz@uvigo.es
Web	http://fatic.uvigo.es/
General description	This is a basic subject, common for all levels of the Industrial fields studies. At the end of the course the students will have a basic knowledge about the principles of General Chemistry, Organic Chemistry and Inorganic Chemistry, and its application to Industry. This knowledge will be further applied and expanded in other areas of the studies.

Competencies

Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
C4	CE4 Ability to understand and apply the basic knowledge of general chemistry, organic chemistry and inorganic chemistry, and their applications in engineering.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency in the own language.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.

Learning outcomes

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
Knowing the chemical bases of industrial technologies. Specifically, the student will gain basic knowledge of general, organic and inorganic chemistry and their applications in engineering. This will allow the student to apply the basic concepts and fundamental laws of chemistry. Due to theoretical-practical training, the student will be able to effectively carry out lab experiments and to solve basic chemistry exercises.	B3	C4	D2 D3 D10 D17

Contents

Topic	
1. Atomic theory and chemical bonding	1.1 Atomic theory: Particles of the atom: Electron, proton et neutron. Characteristics of the atom: Atomic number and Atomic mass. Isotopes. Stability of the nucleus: Radioactivity (natural and artificial). Evolution of the atomic theory. 1.2. Chemical bonding: Definition. Intramolecular bonding: Covalent bonding and ionic bonding. Polyatomic molecules: hybridization and delocalization of electrons. Intermolecular bonding: Types of intermolecular forces.
2. States of aggregation: Solids, gases, pure liquids and solutions	2.1. Solid state: Introduction. Classification of solids: amorphous solids, molecular crystals and liquid crystals, Covalent crystals and ionic crystals. Structure and stabilization energy of crystals. 2.2. Gaseous state: Characteristics of the gas phase. Ideal gases: Equation of state. Real gases: Equation of state. Properties of gases. 2.3. Liquid state: Characteristics of the liquid phase: physical properties (density, surface tension, viscosity). Changes of state. Phase diagram. Solutions: colligative properties
3. Thermochemistry	3.1. Heat of reaction: Definition of Enthalpy and Internal Energy. Enthalpy of reaction. Temperature Dependence of Enthalpy Changes. Enthalpy of formation. Determination of the reaction enthalpy: direct method. State Function and Hess's Law. 3.2. Entropy: Definition. Calculus. 3.3. Free energy: Definition. Calculus. The Criterion of Evolution.
4. Chemical equilibrium: in gas phase, acid-base-base, redox, solubility	(4.1. Chemical equilibrium: Concept of Equilibrium. Equilibrium Constant. Types of equilibrium. The Le Chatelier Principe. 4.2. Acid-base Equilibrium: Definition of acid and base. Auto-ionization of water. Ionic Product. Concept of pH and pOH. Strength of acids and bases: Polyprotic acids. Amphoters. pH calculation. Acid-base titration. Buffer solutions. 4.3. Redox equilibrium: Concept of oxidation, reduction, oxidising agent, reducing agent. Balance of redox reactions in acid and alkaline media. Redox titration. Electrochemical cells: basic concepts and redox potential. Thermodynamics of electrochemical reactions: Gibbs Energy and cell Potential. Nernst Equation. Faraday's Laws. 4.4 Solubility equilibrium: Soluble salts: Hydrolysis. Sparingly soluble salts: solubility and solubility product. Factors affecting solubility. Fractional Precipitation. Complex Salts: Definition, properties, dissociation and importance.
5. Chemical kinetics	5.1. Basic Concepts: Reaction Rate. Reaction Order. Kinetic Constant. Rate Equation. 5.2. Determination of the Rate Equation: Initial rate method. Integrated Rate Laws. 5.3. Factors affecting the Reaction Rate.
6. Basic principles of Organic Chemistry	6.1. Fundamentals of Organic formulation and functional groups: 6.1.1. Structure of the organic compounds: Alkanes, alkenes and alkynes. Aromatic Hydrocarbons. 6.1.2. Alcohols and phenols. 6.1.3. Ethers. 6.1.4. Aldehydes and ketones. 6.1.5. Esters. 6.1.6. Carboxylic acids and derivatives. 6.1.7. Amines and nitro-compounds.

7. Basic principles of Inorganic Chemistry.	7.1. Metallurgy and the Chemistry of Metals: Abundance of metals. Nature of the metallic bond, properties. Theory of the Conduction Band: conducting materials, semiconductors and superconductors. Metallurgical processes: iron and steel. 7.2. Non-metallic elements and their compounds: General properties. Hydrogen. Carbon. Nitrogen and phosphorous. Oxygen and sulphur. Halogens.
8. Applied Electrochemistry	8.1. Applications of the Nernst equation: Determination of pH, Equilibrium constant, solubility product. 8.2. Electrochemical cells: types of cells. Concentration Cells. Electric Conductivity in electrolytes. Electrolysis Cells. 8.3. Industrial Processes of electrolysis: electrodeposition (electroplating), electrometallurgy, electrolysis chlorine-caustic soda. Fuel cells.
9. Corrosion and treatment of Surfaces	9.1. Basic principles of Corrosion: the corrosion cell. 9.2. Corrosion of metals. 9.3. Corrosion rate. 9.4. Types of Corrosion. 9.5. Protection against Corrosion: Design considerations for Corrosion protection. Cathodic protection: sacrificial anodes and impressed current. Organic Coatings. Metallic coatings.
10. Electrochemical sensors	10.1. Fundamentals. 10.2. Typology and function. 10.3. Conductivity Sensors. 10.4. Potentiometric Sensors. 10.5. Ion Selective electrodes. pH sensors. 10.6. Sensors for gases in solution. 10.7. Enzyme-based sensors: Biosensors. 10.8. Amperometric and voltammetric sensors. 10.9. Applications of sensors: medicine, industry, environment.
11. Petroleum and derivatives. Petrochemistry	11.1. Physicochemical characteristics of petroleum (oil). 11.2. Physicochemical characteristics of natural gas. 11.3. Conditioning and uses of natural gas. 11.4. Fractioning of oil. 11.5. Cracking of hydrocarbons. Reforming, isomerisation, oligomerisation, alkylation and esterification of hydrocarbons. 11.6. Petrochemical processes of BTX; olefins and derivatives; methanol and derivatives. 11.7. Treatment of sulphurous compounds and refining units.
12. Carbon: Carbochemistry	(12.1. Formation of carbon. 12.2. Types of carbons and their constitution. 12.3. Technological uses of carbon. 12.4. Pyrogenation of carbon. 12.5. Hydrogenation of carbon. 12.6. Direct liquefaction of carbon. Gasification.

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Master Session	30	45	75
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	7.5	12	19.5
Laboratory practises	10	7.5	17.5
Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises	0	25.5	25.5
Multiple choice tests	1	0	1
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	3	0	3
Reports / memories of practice	1	7.5	8.5

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Master Session	Presentation by the faculty member of the theoretical content of the subject using audiovisual media.
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Activity in which problems and/or exercises related to the subject will be formulated. Students should develop appropriate solutions by applying formulas or algorithms to manage the available information and interpret the results.

Laboratory practises	Activities of application of the theoretical background to specific situations, aimed to the acquisition of basic skills related to the subject. Will be developed in the laboratories or computer rooms of the center in which subject is given. Those rooms will be equipped with the necessary specialized equipment.
Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises	Activity in which the teacher formulates problems and/or exercises related to the subject, and the student must develop the analysis and resolution in an autonomous way.

Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Master Session	Any doubt related with the contents given in the mater sessions will be clarified.
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	Any doubt related with the problems resolved in the seminars of problems will be answered.
Laboratory practises	Any doubt related with the laboratory practices will be answered.

Assessment

Assessment	Description		Qualification Training and Learning Results			
Autonomous troubleshooting and / or exercises	Students must solve independently, and periodically submit problems or exercises formulated by the faculty member. The results and the procedure followed in the execution will be evaluated. According to current legislation, the final grade will be numeric and between 0 and 10.	10	B3	C4	D2 D3 D10	
Multiple choice tests	The purpose of these tests, which will be carried out in the date of the official announcement of examinations, is to assess the level of theoretical knowledge acquired by students in classroom sessions. Written tests are multiple choices, multiple responses, in which students can achieve a numerical score between 0 and 10, according to current legislation.	40	B3	C4	D10	
Troubleshooting and / or exercises	The evaluation of the knowledge gained by students in seminars will be through a written exam, in the official announcement of examinations, in which the student must solve 4 or 5 problems related to the subject under study. The exam will be graded according to the current legislation, with a numerical final grade between 0 and 10.	40	B3	C4	D2 D3 D10	
Reports / memories of practice	After each laboratory session, the student should answer an oral question or prepare a detailed report including aspects such as objective and theoretical foundations, procedure followed, materials used, results and interpretation. The aspects considered in the evaluation are the content of the report, the understanding of the work done, the ability of summarising, quality of presentation, and the personal contribution. The final score, between 0 and 10, will be the average of the marks obtained in the various reports made and/or writing or oral test that could be done for each practice.	10		C4	D3 D17	

Other comments on the Evaluation

The final exam, consisting of two different parts, a test-type quiz for theory content and a set of exercises, will be considered for the final score weighting only when they were rated greater than or equal to 4. Although the average score could be equal or greater than 5, if the qualification of any of the parts of the final exam be lower than 4, the final score will be the lowest mark obtained in the final exam (which is the one that does not permit to calculate the average mark). The attendance to any lab session or any seminar test means that the student is being evaluated and therefore a qualification of [not presented] is no longer possible.

The marks of continuous evaluation (seminars test and lab experiments) and the marks of final exam higher than 5 (test quiz or exercises) obtained in the first call will be kept for the second call.

Those students that obtain officially the renunciation to the continuous evaluation will be evaluated by the final exam, to be held in the official date for the two calls. The final qualification will consist of a 50% of exercises and a 50% of theory (test-type) exam. A rate equal to or greater than 4 in both parts is necessary in order to pass the exam.

Ethical commitment:

The student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If an unethical behavior is detected (copying,

plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and others) it is considered that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case, the final grade in the current academic year will be FAIL (0.0 points).

The use of electronic devices during the assessment tests will be not permitted. Introducing an unauthorized electronic device into the examination room, will be considered as a FAIL (0.0 points) in the current academic year.

Sources of information

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Fernández, M. R. y col., **1000 Problemas de Química General**, Ed. Everest,
Atkins, P. y Jones, L., **Principios de Química. Los caminos del descubrimiento**, Ed. Interamericana,
Herranz Agustin, C., **Química para la ingeniería**, Ediciones UPC,
McMurry, J.E. y Fay, R.C., **Química General**, Ed. Pearson,
Herranz Santos, M.J. y Pérez Pérez M.L., **Nomenclatura de Química Orgánica**, Ed. Síntesis,
Quiñoá, E. y Riguera, R., **Nomenclatura y representación de los compuestos orgánicos : una guía de estudio y autoevaluación**, Ed. McGraw Hill,
Soto Cámara, J. L., **Química Orgánica I: Conceptos Básicos**, Ed. Síntesis,
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Sancho, J. y col., **Metalurgia Extractiva II: Procesos de obtención**, Ed. Síntesis,
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Otero Huerta, E., **Corrosión y Degradación de Materiales**, Ed. Síntesis,
Coueret, F., **Introducción a la ingeniería electroquímica**, Ed. Reverté,
Pingarrón, J.M. y Sánchez Batanero, P., **Química Electroanalítica. Fundamentos y Aplicaciones**, Ed. Síntesis,
Ramos Carpio, M. A., **Refino de Petróleo, Gas Natural y Petroquímica**, Ediciones UPM,
Vian Ortuño, A., **Introducción a la Química Industrial**, Ed. Reverté,
Quiñoa ,E., **Cuestiones y ejercicios de química orgánica: una guía de estudio y autoevaluación**, Ed. McGraw Hill,
Llorens Molina, J.A., **Ejercicios para la introducción a la Química Orgánica**, Ed Tébar,
Herrero Villén, M.A., Atienza Boronat, J.A., Nogra Murray, P. y Tortajada Genaro, L.A., **La Química en problemas. Un enfoque práctico**, Ediciones UPV,
Sánchez Coronilla, A., **Resolución de Problemas de Química**, Ed. Universidad de Sevilla,
Brown, L.S., Holme, T.A., **Chemistry for engineering students**, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning, 3rd ed.,

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

(*)Física: Física I/V12G350V01102
(*)Matemáticas: Álgebra e estadística/V12G350V01103
(*)Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G350V01104

Other comments

It is recommended that students have taken and passed the subject of "Chemistry" in second baccalaureate or, alternatively, passed a specific test of access to the Degree.