



(*)Escola de Enxeñaría Industrial

Information

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Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales

Subjects

Year 2nd

Code	Name	Quadmester	Total Cr.
V12G360V01301	Materials science and technology	1st	6
V12G360V01302	Basics of circuit analysis and electrical machines	1st	6
V12G360V01303	Mechanism and machine theory	1st	6
V12G360V01304	Automation and control fundamentals	1st	6
V12G360V01305	Basics of operations management	1st	6
V12G360V01401	Electronic technology	2nd	6
V12G360V01402	Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies	2nd	6
V12G360V01403	Fluid mechanics	2nd	6
V12G360V01404	Mechanics of materials	2nd	6
V12G360V01405	Thermodynamics and heat transfer	2nd	6

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Materials science and technology				
Subject	Materials science and technology			
Code	V12G360V01301			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching language	#EnglishFriendly Spanish Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Figueroa Martínez, Raúl Abreu Fernández, Carmen María			
Lecturers	Abreu Fernández, Carmen María Cortes Redin, María Begoña Feijó Vázquez, Iria Figueroa Martínez, Raúl			
E-mail	cabreu@uvigo.es raulfm@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	The objective pursued with this course is to introduce the student to the knowledge of material structure and properties, their applications, and processing. It constitutes the base for other subjects in subsequent courses.			
	English-friendly program subject: International students may request from the faculty: a) materials and bibliographic references for following the subject in English, b) English-language tutorials, c) tests and evaluations in English.			

Training and Learning Results	
Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
B4	CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and to communicate and transmit knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of Industrial Engineering.
B6	CG6 Capacity for handling specifications, regulations and mandatory standards.
C9	CE9 Knowledge of the fundamentals of the science, technology and chemistry of materials. Understand the relationship between microstructure, the synthesis, processing and properties of materials.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis.
D5	CT5 Information Management.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.

Expected results from this subject	
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results
It comprises the fundamental concepts of link, structure and microstructure of the distinct types of materials	B3 C9 D10
It comprises the influence of the microstructure of the material on its mechanical , electrical, thermal and magnetic behaviour	B3 C9
It comprises the mechanical behaviour of the metallic, ceramic, plastics and composite materials.	B4 B6
It knows how to modify the material properties by means of mechanical processes and thermal treatments	B4 C9 D9
It knows the basic structural characterisation techniques for materials.	B3 B6 C9
To acquire skills in the handle of the diagrams and charts	D1
To acquire skills in the realisation of tests	B6 C9 D10
It analyses the results obtained and extracts conclusions from them	D1 D5 D9
It is able to apply norms of materials testing	B6 D1 D9

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction	Introduction to Materials Science and Technology. Classification of materials. Terminology. Guidelines for the proper follow-up of the course.
Crystalline arrangement.	Crystalline and amorphous solids. Crystalline lattices, characteristics and imperfections. Allotropic transformations.
Properties of materials. Laboratory practicals.	Mechanical, chemical, thermal, electric and magnetic properties. Standards for materials analysis. Compressive and tensile deformation. Principles of fracture mechanisms. Toughness. Hardness. Main mechanical test methods. Introduction to metallography. Binary isomorphous and eutectic systems. Microstructure in eutectic alloys. Analyses of practical situations.
Metallic materials.	Solidification. Constitution of alloys. Grain size. Main binary phase diagrams. Processing. Carbon steels: classification and applications. Cast iron alloys. Heat treatments: aims, fundamentals and classification. Annealing, normalizing, quenching and tempering. Nonferrous alloys.
Plastic materials	Classification according to the molecular structure: Thermoplastics, thermosets and elastomers. Properties and testing methods. Forming processes. Introduction to the Composite Materials.
Ceramic materials	Classification and properties. Glasses and traditional ceramics. Technical Ceramics. Cements: phases, types and main applications. Concrete. Processing of ceramic materials.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Introductory activities	1	0	1
Lecturing	30	56	86
Laboratory practical	16.75	18	34.75
Autonomous problem solving	0	12.2	12.2
Mentored work	0	9	9
Self-assessment	0	0.3	0.3
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	0	2	2
Presentation	0.25	0	0.25
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Objective questions exam	1.75	0	1.75
Objective questions exam	1.75	0	1.75

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Introductory activities	A presentation of the course is made: contents, organization, methodologies to be used, schedule and evaluation system. Emphasis is placed on student participation and the personalized tutoring system.
Lecturing	During the course, the teacher exposes the main contents, encouraging the active participation of the students. Exercises and type problems are solved, and hands on science methodology will be also applied.
Laboratory practical	Activities for the practical application of the knowledge acquired in the theoretical sessions. They are performed in the laboratory with specialized equipment and in accordance with applicable standards
Autonomous problem solving	Throughout the course, students will be offered different set of problems and questions that they will have to solve by themselves, demonstrating the capacity for learning and developing autonomous work.
Mentored work	The instructor will propose several projects to be carried out in small groups. The projects will be related to the characterization of materials commonly used in technological applications. Students must complete a revision of the literature concerning to the topic of the project, revise the existing standards and other sources of information. Finally, the project must be exposed to the instructor and to their classmates.

Personalized assistance	
Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	The teacher will guide and resolve any doubts that the student may have in relation to the contents explained in the lectures.

Laboratory practical	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the development of the practical classes, clarifying their doubts and guiding them to achieve the best understanding of the practical classes
Mentored work	During the development of the tasks proposed to be done in small groups, the students will have the guidance and help of the teacher
Tests	Description
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	The laboratory teacher will guide the students in the resolution of the questions formulated in the practical classes and will help in the doubts that may arise in the writing of the practical reports.
Self-assessment	The teacher will design the self-assessment tests that the student can take throughout the course, and will guide the students in their completion, solving the technical questions that may arise

Assessment					
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results		
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	Attendance and student participation in practical classes will be evaluated. The reports from the practical sessions will be assessed, which will include the results obtained from the conducted experiments, as well as the response to the questions asked..	5	B6	C9	D9
Presentation	The work carried out by the students in small groups will be evaluated through its public defense, using a rubric that will be presented beforehand. The information provided, consulted bibliography, organization of the content, clarity in the presentation, and the responses given in the final debate with the teacher and the rest of the students will be taken into account.	10	B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D10
Objective questions exam	This written test will assess the learning gain and competence of students in the laboratory practical part of the course. It will consist of questions and exercises.	15	B3 B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D9 D10
Objective questions exam	There will be a first written test in which the knowledge acquired by students in the theory sessions of the subject will be assessed. It will be conducted approximately in the middle of the semester.	30	B3 B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D9 D10
Objective questions exam	Second written test in which the knowledge acquired by students in the theory sessions of the subject will be evaluated. It will take place on the official date of the 1st edition of the exam set by the EEI coordination.	40	B3 B4 B6	C9	D1 D5 D9 D10

Other comments on the Evaluation

Continuous assessment: (default assessment system) involves ongoing evaluation throughout the semester including different assessments, as indicated in the table above which also includes the score of each test in the final mark. A summary is shown below:

- 5% laboratory practice report submitted, attendance, and participation in practical classes.
- 10% Oral presentation of group work.
- 15% Written examination of the practical part.
- 30%*1st partial exam of theory content (It will take place in one of the theory sessions on a previously indicated date).
- 40%*2nd partial exam. The knowledge acquired in the second part will be assessed, however, an overall understanding of the subject will be required. (it will take place on the date officially set by the EEI for the first attempt or edition).
- * Students who take the second attempt will keep the marks obtained in the first 3 assessments. The theoretical knowledge of the subject will be evaluated in a single exam (covering the syllabus evaluated in Partial Exams I and II) that will be assessed with 70% of the total grade.

Global or comprehensive assessment, in the two official attempts: Students who waive continuous assessment, in accordance with the procedures and deadlines established by the institution, will have the option to take a single written exam covering all the content of the subject, both theoretical and practical, on the official dates. This test will be graded with a weight of 100% towards the final grade.

To pass the subject, according to the assessment system:

- Continuous assessment: The sum of scores from different tests must reach a minimum of 5 out of 10.
- Comprehensive evaluation: A minimum score of 5 out of 10 must be achieved.

Extraordinary Call: will take place on the official date. A comprehensive assessment will be performed by means of a single written exam covering all theoretical and practical contents (100% of the final grade).

Ethical Behavior: students are expected to behave in an ethical manner in all aspects of their work, especially in accordance with the provisions of Articles 39, 40, 41 and 42 of the *Regulation on the evaluation, grading and quality of teaching and the learning process of students at the University of Vigo, approved by the University Senate on 18 April 2023*).

Attention: If there is any mismatch between the contents of the 3 language versions of this teaching guide, those included in the Spanish version will be considered valid.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Callister, William, **Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales**, 2ª, Reverté, 2016

Askeland, Donald R, **Ciencia e ingeniería de materiales**, 6ª, Cengage Learning, 2012

Shackelford, James F, **Introducción a la ciencia de materiales para ingenieros**, 7ª, Pearson Educación, 2010

Complementary Bibliography

Smith, William F, **Fundamentos de la ciencia e ingeniería de materiales**, 5ª, McGraw-Hill, 2010

AENOR, **Standard tests**,

Montes J.M., Cuevas F.G., Cintas J., **Ciencia e ingeniería de los materiales / J.M. Montes, F.G. Cuevas, J. Cintas**, 1ª, Paraninfo, 2014

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials engineering/V12G380V01504

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies/V12G380V01305

Fluid mechanics/V12G380V01405

Thermodynamics and heat transfer/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G350V01203

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Chemistry: Chemistry/V12G380V01205

Other comments

It is recommended that students, before enrolling in this course, have passed or, at least, enroll in the subjects of the previous academic year.

In the event of discrepancies in the information contained in this guide, it will be understood that the version published in Spanish prevails.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Basics of circuit analysis and electrical machines				
Subject	Basics of circuit analysis and electrical machines			
Code	V12G360V01302			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching language				
Department				
Coordinator	González Estévez, Emilio José Antonio			
Lecturers	Fernández Álvarez, Luís Camilo González Estévez, Emilio José Antonio			
E-mail	emilio@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	The aims that pursue in this subject are: - Description and analysis of the elements of the electrical circuits. - Resolution of circuits in diet *estacionario sinusoidal. - Systematic analysis of electrical circuits. - Concepts of power and energy as well as his determination. - Analysis of circuits from theorems. - Phenomena in which it bases the electromagnetic conversion of energy. - Common general appearances and technological of the electrical machines.			

Training and Learning Results

Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
C10	CE10 Knowledge and use of the principles of circuit theory and electrical machines.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D6	CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D14	CT14 Creativity.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.

Expected results from this subject

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
Comprise the basic appearances of the operation of the circuits and the electrical machines	B3	C10	D10 D17
Know the experimental process used when it works with electrical circuits and scheme electrical.		C10	
Know the available current technicians for the analysis of electrical circuits	B3		D2 D6
Know the technicians of measure of the electrical circuits		C10	D2 D17
Purchase skills on the process of analysis of electrical circuits	B3		D2 D14

Contents

Topic	
SUBJECT 1. INTRODUCTION And AXIOMS	1.1 Magnitudes and units. 1.2 References of polarity. 1.3 Concept of electrical circuit. 1.4 Axioms of Kirchhoff.

SUBJECT 2. ANALYSIS OF LINEAR CIRCUITS RESISTIVES	2.1 Ideal Elements: definition, representation and mathematical model. 2.2 Models of real sources. 2.3 Equivalent Dipoles: conversion of sources. 2.4 Association of resistors: concept of voltage divider and current divider. 2.5 Association of sources and resistors. 2.6 Topological Concepts: knot, branch, bow and mesh. 2.7 Number and election of circular and nodal equations linearly independent. 2.8 Analyses by meshes and knots of circuits with resistors. 2.9 Topological Transformations. 2.10 Power and energy in resistors, ideal sources and real sources. 2.11 Fundamental theorems.
SUBJECT 3. ANALYSIS OF CIRCUITS WITH ELEMENTS THAT STORE ENERGY	3.1 ideal Condenser: definition, representation and mathematical model. 3.2 magnetic Circuits: units, magnetic flow, strength magnetomotive and reluctance. 3.3 ideal Coil: definition, representation and mathematical model. 3.4 Association series and parallel of coils and capacitors. 3.5 Circuits with elements that store energy. Circuits RL, RC and RLC.
SUBJECT 4. ANALYSIS OF CIRCUITS IN *SINUSOIDAL STEADY-STATE REGIME	4.1 Forms of periodic wave and values associated: sinusoidal wave. 4.2 Determination of the sinusoidal steady-state regime. 4.3 Response of the basic passive elements to sinusoidal excitations: concept of impedance and complex admittance. 4.4 Law of Ohm and axioms of Kirchhoff in sinusoidal steady-state regime. 4.5 Association of elements. 4.6 Analyses by knots and by meshes of circuits in sinusoidal steady-state regime. 4.7 Power and energy in sinusoidal steady-state regime. Instantaneous power, half or active power and energy in the passive elements: coils, capacitors, resistances and complex impedances. 4.8 Power and energy in the dipoles. Apparent power, reactive power and complex power. 4.9 Theorem of conservation of the complex power (theorem of Boucherot). 4.10 The power factor and his importance in the electrical systems. Correction of the power factor. 4.11 Measurement of the active and reactive power: wattmeters and varmeters. 4.12 Fundamental Theorems in sinusoidal steady-state regime.
SUBJECT 5: MAGNETIC ADJUSTMENTS	5.1 Magnetic joined up coils: definitions, equations of flows, own and mutual inductances. Representations and mathematical models. 5.2 Analyses by meshes of circuits of alternating current with coils joined up.
SUBJECT 6: BALANCED THREE-PHASE SYSTEMS	6.1 Introduction. Three-phase voltage system. Sequence of phases. 6.2 Generators and three-phase loads: star and triangle connections. Voltages and currents. 6.3 Equivalent transformations star-triangle. 6.4 Analyses of balanced three-phase systems. Equivalent single-phase circuit. 6.5 Power in balanced three-phase systems. Compensation of the power factor.
SUBJECT 7. ELECTRICAL MACHINES	7.1 Transformer and autotransformers. 7.2 Rotational electrical machines: synchronous machine, asynchronous machine and DC machines.
PRACTICES	1. Use of lab equipments. Security requirements 2. Measures in resistive circuits. 3. Introduction to the analysis and simulation of circuits by means of Matlab. 4. Determination of a linear model of a real coil with core of air. Real coil with core of iron. Cycle of magnetic hysteresis. 5. Simulation of transient regime by means of Matlab. 6. Measures of active and reactive power in monophasic systems. Compensation of the power factor.

Planning			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Laboratory practical	20	10	30
Problem solving	10	10	20

Autonomous problem solving	0	20	20
Lecturing	22	44	66
Essay questions exam	4	0	4
Essay questions exam	2	0	2
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	0	10	10

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
	Description
Laboratory practical	It will be performed circuit assembly corresponding to the knowledges acquired in class of theory, or it will be seen in the laboratory complementary aspects not treated in the theoretical classes.
Problem solving	It will solved type problems and exercises in class of big groups and the student will have to solve similar exercises.
Autonomous problem solving	The student will have to solve on his own a series of exercises and questions of the matter proposed by the professor.
Lecturing	The professor will explain in the classes of big groups the contents of the matter.

Personalized assistance	
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students during the tutorial hours.
Laboratory practical	The professor will attend personally the doubts and queries of the students during the tutorial hours.

Assessment		Qualification	Training and Learning Results		
	Description				
Essay questions exam	A test will be made, covering the whole of the contents of the subject.	40	B3	C10	D2 D10 D14
Essay questions exam	An exam consisting of problems will be made, covering the whole of the contents of the subject.	40	B3	C10	D2 D10 D14
Report of practices, practicum and external practices	It will be valued positively the realisation of a memory of each one of the practices of laboratory that will include: objectives, procedure followed, material employed, results obtained and interpretation of them. The realisation of practices and the presentation of the memories, form part of the process of continuous evaluation of the student. However, the students that have not realised the practices along the course, or wish to improve the mark obtained, will be able to opt to realise an additional written examination with questions regarding the development of the practices and to the educational contents explained during them. The value of this exam is the 20% of the final mark, in the same way as the continuous evaluation.	20		C10	D2 D6 D10 D14 D17

Other comments on the Evaluation

For the second opportunity of June-July it is kept the qualification in the continuous evaluation obtained during the own course, without prejudice that, to the equal that at the earliest opportunity of December - January, can be surpassed by the realisation of the examination written additional that propose to this effect.

Each new enrolls in the subject supposes a put to zero of the qualifications in the activities of continuous evaluation obtained in previous courses.

Ethical commitment:

It expects that the present student a suitable ethical behaviour. In the case to detect a no ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, for example) it will be considered the student does not gather the necessary requirements to surpass the matter. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

It will not be allowed the utilisation of any electronic device during the proofs of evaluation except with explicit permission. The fact to enter an unauthorised electronic device in the classroom of examination will be considered reason of no surpass the matter in the current academic course and the global qualification will be of suspense (0.0).

Responsible professor of group:

Groups

E1 (teoria and practise): EDELMIRO MIGUEZ GARCIA

Sources of information**Basic Bibliography**

A. Bruce Carson, **Teoría de Circuitos**, Thomson Editores, S.A.,

A. Pastor, J. Ortega, V. Parra y A. Pérez, **Circuitos Eléctricos**, Universidad Nacional de Educación a Distancia.,

Suarez Creo, J. y Miranda Blanco, B.N., **Máquinas Eléctricas. Funcionamiento en régimen permanente**, 4ª Edición. Editorial Tórculo.,

Jesus Fraile Mora, **Circuitos eléctricos**, Pearson,

E. González, C. Garrido y J. Cidrás, **Ejercicios resueltos de circuitos eléctricos.**, Editorial Tórculo,

Complementary Bibliography

Recommendations

Other comments

It is very recommended that the students have sufficient knowledge of the algebra of the complex numbers, linear algebra, linear differential equations and have attended to the subject of Physics along the whole first course.

Requirements: To enrol in this matter it is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course in which it is situated this matter.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Teoría de máquinas e mecanismos				
Subject	Teoría de máquinas e mecanismos			
Code	V12G360V01303			
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2	1c
Teaching language	Castelán Galego Inglés			
Department				
Coordinator	Fernández Vilán, Ángel Manuel Yáñez Alfonso, Pablo			
Lecturers	Fernández Álvarez, José Manuel Yáñez Alfonso, Pablo			
E-mail	pyanez@uvigo.es avilan@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	Esta materia proporcionará ao alumno coñecementos dos fundamentos básicos da Teoría de Máquinas e Mecanismos e a súa aplicación no campo da enxeñaría Mecánica. Achegaralle coñecementos sobre os conceptos máis importantes relacionados coa teoría máquinas e mecanismos. Coñecerá e aplicará as técnicas de análises *cinemático e dinámico para sistemas mecánicos, tanto gráficas e analítica, como mediante a utilización eficaz de software de simulación. Así mesmo servirá de introdución a aspectos sobre maquinaria que abordará en materias de cursos posteriores da Titulación.			

Resultados de Formación e Aprendizaxe

Code	
B3	CG3 Coñecemento en materias básicas e tecnolóxicas, que os capacite para a aprendizaxe de novos métodos e teorías, e os dote de versatilidade para adaptarse a novas situacións.
B4	CG4 Capacidade para resolver problemas con iniciativa, toma de decisións, creatividade, razoamento crítico e de comunicar e transmitir coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas no campo da enxeñaría industrial.
C13	CE13 Coñecemento dos principios de teoría de máquinas e mecanismos.
D2	CT2 Resolución de problemas.
D6	CT6 Aplicación da informática no ámbito de estudo.
D9	CT9 Aplicar coñecementos.
D10	CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos.
D16	CT16 Razoamento crítico.

Resultados previstos na materia

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
☐ Coñecer os fundamentos básicos da Teoría de Máquinas e Mecanismos e a súa aplicación na Enxeñaría Mecánica para resolver os problemas relacionados coa devandita materia no campo da Enxeñaría Industrial.	B3	C13	D2
☐ Coñecer, comprender, aplicar e practicar os conceptos relacionados coa Teoría de Máquina e Mecanismos	B4		D6
☐ Coñecer e aplicar as técnicas análises *cinemático e dinámico de sistemas mecánicos.			D9
☐ Coñecer e utilizar eficazmente software de análise de mecanismos.			D10
			D16

Contidos

Topic	
Introdución á Teoría de máquinas e mecanismos.	Introdución. Definición de máquina, mecanismo e cadea cinemática. Membros e pares cinemáticos. Clasificación. Esquematización, modelización e simboloxía. Mobilidade. Graos de liberdade. Síntese de mecanismos.

Análise xeométrica de mecanismos.	Introdución. Métodos de cálculo da posición. Ecuacións de peche de circuíto.
Análise cinemática de mecanismos.	Fundamentos. Métodos gráficos. Métodos analíticos. Métodos matriciais.
Análise estática de mecanismos.	Fundamentos. Redución de forzas. Método dos traballos/potencias virtuais.
Análise dinámica de mecanismos.	Fundamentos. Dinámica xeral de máquinas. Traballo e potencia en máquinas. Dinámica do equilibrado.
Mecanismos de leva.	Fundamentos xerais. Levas Planas. Síntese de levas.
Mecanismos de transmisión.	Fundamentos. Mecanismo de engrenaxes. Outros mecanismos.

Planificación

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	23	19.5	42.5
Resolución de problemas	12.5	30	42.5
Prácticas de laboratorio	18	47	65

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente

	Description
Lección maxistral	Clase maxistral na que se expoñen os contidos teóricos.
Resolución de problemas	Resolución de problemas utilizando os conceptos teóricos presentados en aula.
Prácticas de laboratorio	Realización de tarefas prácticas en laboratorio docente ou aula informática

Atención personalizada

Methodologies	Description
Lección maxistral	Realizaranse titorías de grupo ou individuais en horario de titorías, que servirán para reforzar coñecementos adquiridos e para tutelar traballos propostos
Resolución de problemas	Realizaranse titorías de grupo ou individuais en horario de titorías, que servirán para reforzar coñecementos adquiridos e para tutelar traballos propostos
Prácticas de laboratorio	Realizaranse titorías de grupo ou individuais en horario de titorías, que servirán para reforzar coñecementos adquiridos e para tutelar traballos propostos

Avaliación

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Resolución de problemas	Realizaranse probas de resolución de problemas no horario lectivo aprobado pola Escola. Ningunha das probas poderá superar o tanto por cento máximo establecido legalmente. Poderanse establecer cualificacións mínimas en calquera das probas para acceder á ponderación xeral. Os contidos, as datas, as ponderacións e outros detalles específicos de cada proba publicaranse a través da plataforma de teledocencia cunha antelación mínima adecuada, nunca inferior a dúas semanas antes da súa realización. Resultados de aprendizaxe: Avalíanse todos.	80	B3 C13 D2 B4 D6 D9 D10 D16
Prácticas de laboratorio	A asistencia con aproveitamento ao Laboratorio/Aula informática, a cualificación das memorias entregadas en cada práctica e os traballos tutelados, terán unha valoración máxima de 2 puntos da nota final. Para poder ser avaliado neste apartado o alumno deberá asistir a un número mínimo de prácticas. Resultados de aprendizaxe: Avalíanse todos.	20	B3 C13 D2 B4 D6 D9 D10 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

A materia aprobarase se se obtén unha cualificación igual ou maior que un 5 como nota final, da seguinte forma:

Probas de resolución de problemas. Realizaranse probas de resolución de problemas no horario lectivo aprobado pola Escola. Ningunha das probas poderá superar o tanto por cento máximo establecido legalmente. Poderanse establecer cualificacións mínimas en calquera das probas para acceder á ponderación xeral. Os contidos, as datas, as ponderacións e outros detalles específicos de cada proba publicaranse a través da plataforma de teledocencia cunha antelación mínima adecuada, nunca inferior a dúas semanas antes da súa realización.

Prácticas de laboratorio. A asistencia con aproveitamento ao Laboratorio/Aula informática, a cualificación das memorias entregadas en cada práctica e os traballos tutelados, terán unha valoración máxima de 2 puntos da nota final. Para poder ser avaliado neste apartado o alumno deberá asistir a un número mínimo de prácticas.

* Empregarase un sistema de cualificación numérica de 0 a 10 puntos segundo a lexislación vixente (RD 1125/2003 do 5 de setembro, BOE do 18 de setembro).

Avaliación global. Para o alumnado que renuncie expresamente á avaliación continua realizarase un único exame no que se poderán avaliar todos os contidos da materia, puntuado sobre 10 puntos.

Compromiso ético: Espérase que o alumno presente un comportamento ético adecuado. No caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, utilización de aparellos electrónicos non autorizados, e outros) considerárase que o alumno non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso a cualificación global no presente curso académico será de suspenso (0.0).

Non se permitirá a utilización de ningún dispositivo durante as probas de avaliación salvo autorización expresa. O feito de introducir dispositivos non autorizados na aula do exame será considerado motivo de non superación da materia no presente curso académico e a cualificación global será de suspenso (0.0).

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

Munir Khamashta, **Problemas resueltos de cinemática de mecanismos planos**, UPC,

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Calero Pérez, R. y Carta González, J.A., **Fundamentos de mecanismos y máquinas para ingenieros**, McGraw-Hill,

Complementary Bibliography

García Prada, J.C. Castejón, C., Rubio, H., **Problemas resueltos de Teoría de Máquinas y mecanismos**, THOMSON,

Cardona, S. y Clos D., **Teoría de Máquinas.**, UPC,

Shigley, J.E.; Uicker J.J. Jr., **Theory of Machines and Mechanisms**, McGraw-Hill,

Hernández A, **Cinemática de mecanismos: Análisis y diseño**, SÍNTESIS,

Lamadrid Martínez, A.; Corral Sáiz, A., **Cinemática y Dinámica de Máquinas**, E.T.S.I.I.T.,

Mabie, Reinholtz, **Mechanisms and dynamics of machinery**, Limusa-wiley,

Nieto, j., **Síntesis de Mecanismos**, AC,

Erdman, A.G.; Sandor, G.N., **Mechanism Design: Analysis and Synthesis**, PRENTICE HALL,

Simon A.; Bataller A; Guerra J.; Ortiz, A.; Cabrera, J.A., **Fundamentos de teoría de Máquinas**, BELLISCO,

Kozhevnikov SN, **Mecanismos**, Gustavo Gili,

Recomendacións

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Diseño de máquinas I/V12G380V01304

Automóviles e ferrocarrís/V12G380V01941

Diseño de máquinas hidráulicas e sistemas oleopneumáticos/V12G380V01914

Diseño de máquinas II/V12G380V01911

Diseño mecánico asistido/V12G380V01915

Enxeñaría do transporte/V12G380V01945

Motores e máquinas térmicos/V12G380V01913

Sistema de análise, simulación e validación de datos/V12G380V01933

Vehículos automóviles híbridos e eléctricos/V12G380V01944

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Expresión gráfica: Expresión gráfica/V12G380V01101

Física: Física I/V12G380V01102

Matemáticas: Álgebra e estatística/V12G380V01103

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G380V01104

Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais/V12G380V01204

Other comments

Requisitos: Para matricularse nesta materia é necesario superar ou ben estar matriculado de todas as materias do primeiro curso.

En caso de discrepancias, prevalecerá a versión en castelán desta guía.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Automation and control fundamentals				
Subject	Automation and control fundamentals			
Code	V12G360V01304			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	1st
Teaching language	Spanish English			
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Diéguez, Amador Fernández Silva, María			
Lecturers	Fernández Silva, María Moares Crespo, José María			
E-mail	amador@uvigo.es msilva@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	In this matter present the basic concepts of the systems of industrial automation and of the methods of control, considering like central elements of the same the programmable programmable logic controller and the industrial controller, respectively.			

Training and Learning Results

Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
C12	CE12 Know the fundamentals of automation and control methods.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency.
D6	CT6 Application of computer science in the field of study.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D16	CT16 Critical thinking.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
D20	CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Expected results from this subject

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results			
Purchase a global and realistic vision of the current scope of industrial automation systems.	B3	C12	D17 D20	
Know which are the constitutive elements of an industrial automation system, its sizing and as they work.	B3	C12	D2 D6 D20	
Knowledge applied on the programmable logic controllers, its programming and its application to industrial automation systems.	B3	C12	D2 D6 D9 D16 D17	
General knowledge on the continuous control of dynamic systems, of the main tools of simulation of continuous systems and of the main devices of process control with greater interest to industrial level.	B3	C12	D3 D6 D17 D20	
General concepts of the technicians of industrial controllers tuning.	B3	C12	D2 D9 D16	

Contents

Topic	
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1. Introducción to industrial automation and elements of automation.	1.1 Introducción to automation of tasks. 1.2 Types of control. 1.3 The programmable logic controller. 1.4 Diagrama of blocks. Elements of the PLC. 1.5 Cycle of operation of the PLC. Time of cycle. 1.6 Ways of operation.
2. Languages and programming technics of programmable logic controllers.	2.1 Binary, octal, hexadecimal, BCD systems. Real numbers. 2.2 Access and adressing to periphery. 2.3 Instructions, variables and operating. 2.4 Forms of representation of a program. 2.5 Types of modules of program. 2.6 linear Programming and estructurada. 2.7 Variables binarias. Entrances, exits and memory. 2.8 Binary combinations. 2.9 Operations of allocation. 2.10 Timers and counters. 2.11 Operations aritméticas.
3. Tools for sequential systems modelling.	3.1 Basic principles. Modelling technics. 3.2 Modelling by means of Petri Networks. 3.2.1 Definition of stages and transitions. Rules of evolution. 3.2.2 Conditional election between several alternatives. 3.2.3 Simultaneous sequences. Concurrence. Resource shared. 3.3 Implementation of Petri Networks. 3.3.1 Direct implementation. 3.3.2 Normalised implementation (Grafcet). 3.4 Examples.
4. Control systems introduction.	4.1 Systems of regulation in open loop and closed loop. 4.2 Control typical loop. Nomenclature and definitions.
5. Representation, modelling and simulation of continuous dynamic systems.	5.1 Physical systems and mathematical models. 5.2.1 Mechanical systems. 5.2.2 Electrical systems. 5.2.3 Others. 5.3 Modelling in state space. 5.4 Modelling in transfer function. Laplace transform. Properties. Examples. 5.5 Blocks diagrams.
6. Analysis of continous dynamical systems.	6.1 Stability. 6.2 Transient response. 6.2.1 First order systems. Differential equation and transfer function. Examples. 6.2.2 Second order systems. Differential equation and transfer function. Examples. 6.2.3 Effect of the addition of poles and zeros. 6.3 Systems reduction. 6.4 Steady-state response. 6.4.1 Steady-state errors. 6.4.2 Input signals and system type. 6.4.3 Error constants.
7. PID controller. Parameters tunning of industrial controllers.	7.1 Basic control actions. Proportional effects, integral and derivative. 7.2 PID controller. 7.3 Empirical methods of tuning of industrial controllers. 7.3.1 Open loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others. 7.3.2 Closed loop tuning: Ziegler-Nichols and others. 7.4 Controllers design state space. Pole assignment.
P1. Introduction to STEP7.	Introduction to the program STEP7, that allows to create and modify programs for the Siemens PLC S7-300 and S7-400.
P2. Programming in STEP7.	Modelling of simple automation system and implementation in STEP7 using binary operations.
P3. Implementation of PN in STEP7.	Petri Networks modelling of simple automation system and introduction to the implementation of the same in STEP7.
P4. PN Modelling and implementation in STEP7.	Petri Networks modelling of complex automation system and implementation of the same in STEP7.
P5. GRAFCET modelling and implementation with S7-Graph.	Petri Networks normalised modelling and implementation with S7-Graph.
P6. Control systems analysis with MATLAB.	Introduction to the control systems instructions of the program MATLAB.
P7. Introduction to SIMULINK.	Introduction to SIMULINK program, an extension of MATLAB for dynamic systems simulation.

P8. Modelling and transient response in SIMULINK.

Modelling and simulation of control systems with SIMULINK.

P9. Empirical tuning of an industrial controller.

Parameters tuning of a PID controller by the methods studied and implementation of the control calculated in an industrial controller.

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Laboratory practical	18	30	48
Problem solving	0	15	15
Lecturing	32.5	32.5	65
Essay questions exam	3	19	22

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Laboratory practical	Different activities aimed to apply the concepts learned during the lectures.
Problem solving	The professor is going to solve in class some problems and exercises. The students need to solve similar exercises on their own to obtain the capabilities needed.
Lecturing	Include the professor lectures about the contents of the subject.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums, ...) under the modality of prior agreement.
Laboratory practical	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums, ...) under the modality of prior agreement.
Problem solving	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums, ...) under the modality of prior agreement.
Tests	Description
Essay questions exam	For a effective use of the dedication of the student body, the faculty will attend personally the doubts and queries of the same. Said attention will take place so much in the classes of theory, problems and laboratory as in the tutorials (in a schedule prefixed). For all teaching modalities, the tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (email, videoconference, FAITIC forums, ...) under the modality of prior agreement.

Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Laboratory practical	It will evaluate each practice of laboratory between 0 and 10 points, in function of the fulfillment of the aims fixed in the billed of the same and of the previous preparation and the attitude of the students. Each practical will be able to have distinct weight in the total note.	20	B3 C12 D3 D6 D9 D16 D17 D20
Essay questions exam	Final examination of the contents of the matter, that will be able to include problems and exercises, with a punctuation between 0 and 10 points. Several tests will be carried out on the dates and times established by the School, so that none of the tests has a weight above 40% of the final grade.	80	B3 C12 D2 D3 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

- Continuous Assesment of student work practices along established laboratory sessions will be held in the semester, with the assistance to them mandatory. In the case of not overcome, a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, will take place in the second call, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the contents not

passed in ordinary practice sessions.

- The assesment of the practices for students who officially renounces Continuous Assesment will be carried out in a review of practices, conditioned to having passed the script test, in the two calls, on a date after the script test, in one or more sessions and including the same contents of the ordinary practice sessions..
- It may demand previous requirements to the realisation of each practice in the laboratory, so that they limit the maximum qualification to obtain.
- It must pass both tests (script and practices) to pass the matter, give the total score at the rate indicated above. In case of no longer than two or one test, scaling may be applied to partial notes that the total does not exceed 4.5.
- In the final exam may establish a minimum score on a set of issues to overcome.
- In the second call of the the same course, students should examine the tests (script and/or practices) not passed in the first one, with the same criteria of that.
- According to the Rule of Continuous Assesment, the subject students to Continuous Assesment that present to some activity evaluable collected in the Teaching Guide of the matter, will be considered like "presented".
- Ethical commitment: student is expected to present an adequate ethical behavior. If you detect unethical behavior (copying, plagiarism, unauthorized use of electronic devices, and another ones), it follows that the student does not meet the requirements for passing the subject. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

E.MANDADO, J.MARCOS, C. FERNANDEZ, J.I.ARMESTO, **Autómatas Programables y Sistemas de Automatización**, 1ª, Marcombo, 2009

MANUEL SILVA, **Las Redes de Petri en la Automática y la Informática**, 1ª, AC, 1985

R. C. DORF, R. H. BISHOP, **Sistemas de Control Moderno**, 10ª, Prentice Hall, 2005

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PORRAS A., MONTANERO A., **Autómatas programables : fundamento, manejo, instalación y prácticas**, McGraw-Hill, 2003

ROMERA J.P., LORITE J.A., MONTORO S., **Automatización : problemas resueltos con autómatas programables**, 4ª, Paraninfo, 2002

BARRIENTOS, ANTONIO, **Control de sistemas continuos: Problemas resueltos**, 1ª, McGraw-Hill, 1997

OGATA, KATSUIKO, **Ingeniería de Control Moderna**, 5ª, Pearson, 2010

Recommendations

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Product design and communication, and automation of plant elements/V12G380V01931

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Electronic technology/V12G380V01404

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Computer science: Computing for engineering/V12G380V01203

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

Other comments

- Requirements: To enrol in this subject is necessary to had surpassed or well be enrolled of all the subjects of the inferior courses to the course in the that is summoned this subject.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Fundamentos de organización de empresas				
Subject	Fundamentos de organización de empresas			
Code	V12G360V01305			
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2	1c
Teaching language	Castelán			
Department				
Coordinator	Doiro Sancho, Manuel Mejías Sacaluga, Ana María			
Lecturers	Bellas Rivera, Roberto Doiro Sancho, Manuel García Lorenzo, Antonio Mejías Sacaluga, Ana María Sartal Rodríguez, Antonio			
E-mail	mejias@uvigo.es mdoiro@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description				

Resultados de Formación e Aprendizaxe	
Code	
B8	CG8 Capacidade para aplicar os principios e métodos da calidade.
B9	CG9 Capacidade de organización e planificación no ámbito da empresa, e outras institucións e organizacións.
C15	CE15 Coñecementos básicos dos sistemas de produción e fabricación.
C17	CE17 Coñecementos aplicados de organización de empresas.
D1	CT1 Análise e síntese.
D2	CT2 Resolución de problemas.
D7	CT7 Capacidade de organizar e planificar.
D8	CT8 Toma de decisións.
D9	CT9 Aplicar coñecementos.
D11	CT11 Capacidade para comprender o significado e aplicación da perspectiva de xénero nos distintos ámbitos de coñecemento e na práctica profesional co obxectivo de alcanzar unha sociedade máis xusta e igualitaria.
D18	CT18 Traballo nun contexto internacional.

Resultados previstos na materia			
Expected results from this subject		Training and Learning Results	
☐ Coñecer a base sobre a que se apoian as actividades relacionadas con a Organización e a Xestión de a Produción.	B8	C15	D1
	B9	C17	D2
☐ Coñecer o alcance de as distintas actividades relacionadas con a produción.			D7
☐ Adquirir unha visión de conxunto para a execución de as actividades relacionadas con a organización e xestión de a produción.			D8
☐ Realizar unha valoración de os postos de traballo desde un enfoque que axude a o desenvolvemento de as persoas con unha perspectiva de eficiencia e igualdade			D9
			D11
			D18

Contidos	
Topic	
PARTE I. CONTORNA ACTUAL E SISTEMAS PRODUTIVOS	1.CONTORNA ACTUAL DE A EMPRESA.OS SISTEMAS PRODUTIVOS
PARTE II. PREVISIÓN DE A DEMANDA	2. INTRODUCCIÓN. COMPOÑENTES. MÉTODOS DE PREVISIÓN DE A DEMANDA: CUANTITATIVOS E CUALITATIVOS
PARTE III. XESTIÓN DE INVENTARIOS E XESTIÓN DE PRODUCCIÓN	3.CONCEPTOS BÁSICOS DE Os INVENTARIOS. CONTROL DE INVENTARIOS 4.XESTIÓN DE INVENTARIOS. MODELOS BÁSICOS

PARTE *IV. XESTIÓN DE PRODUCCIÓN EN EMPRESAS INDUSTRIAIS	5.PLANIFICACIÓN DE PRODUCCIÓN. PLAN AGREGADO. PLAN MESTRE DE PRODUCCIÓN 6.PLANIFICACIÓN DE NECESIDADES DE MATERIAIS (*MRP) 7.PLANIFICACIÓN DE CAPACIDADE. PROGRAMACIÓN DE PRODUCCIÓN: CRITERIOS E REGLAS BÁSICAS
PARTE *V. INTRODUCCIÓN Ao ESTUDO DO TRABALLO	8.INTRODUCCIÓN Ao ESTUDO DO TRABALLO. DISTRIBUCIÓN EN PLANTA
PARTE VIN. XESTIÓN LEAN	9.O ENFOQUE LEAN NA XESTIÓN. DEFINICIÓN E OBOECTIVOS. ELEMENTOS LEAN
PARTE *VII. INTRODUCCIÓN Á XESTIÓN DA CALIDADE, A SEGURIDADE E O MEDIO AMBIENTE	10. INTRODUCCIÓN Á XESTIÓN DA CALIDADE, A SEGURIDADE E O MEDIO AMBIENTE
PRÁCTICAS	1. PREVISIÓN DA DEMANDA 2. CONTROL E XESTIÓN DE INVENTARIOS 3. PLANIFICACIÓN DA PRODUCCIÓN *I 4. PLANIFICACIÓN DA PRODUCCIÓN *II 5. LISTAS DE MATERIAIS E OPERACIÓNS 6. PLANIFICACIÓN DA CAPACIDADE 7. PROGRAMACIÓN DA PRODUCCIÓN 8. ESTUDO DO TRABALLO 9. PROBA GLOBAL

Planificación			
	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	32.5	64.5	97
Prácticas con apoio das TIC	18	18	36
Exame de preguntas obxectivas	6	6	12
Práctica de laboratorio	2	3	5

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente	
	Description
Lección maxistral	Exposición por parte do profesor dos contidos sobre a materia obxecto de estudo, bases teóricas e/ou directrices do traballo, exercicio ou proxecto a desenvolver polo estudante.
Prácticas con apoio das TIC	Actividades de aplicación dos coñecementos a situacións concretas e de adquisición de habilidades básicas e *procedimentales relacionadas coa materia obxecto de estudo. Desenvólvense en espazos especiais con equipamento adecuado.

Atención personalizada	
Methodologies	Description
Lección maxistral	
Prácticas con apoio das TIC	

Avaliación			
	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results
Exame de preguntas obxectivas	2 Teórico-Prácticas de igual peso: Probas de avaliación continua que se realizarán a o longo do curso, nas clases de teoría, distribuídas de forma uniforme e programadas para que non interfiran no resto das materias. Cada unha destas probas (puntuación sobre 10) constarán dunha parte tipo test (5 puntos) e doutra de exercicios (5 puntos). Para poder superar ou compensar dita proba hai que alcanzar en cada unha das partes polo menos 1,75 puntos	60	B8 C15 D1 B9 C17 D2 D7 D8 D9 D18
Práctica de laboratorio	1 Exercicios de prácticas: Proba de avaliación continua que se realizará de acordo con a planificación da materia ao finalizar as sesións prácticas	40	B8 C15 D1 B9 C17 D2 D7 D8 D9 D18

Other comments on the Evaluation
 COMPROMISO ÉTICO Espérase que o alumno presente un comportamento ético adecuado. En caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, utilización de aparellos electrónicos non autorizados, e outros) considerarase que o alumno non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso a cualificación global no presente curso

académico será de suspenso (0,0). Non se permitirá a utilización de ningún dispositivo electrónico durante as probas de avaliación salvo autorización expresa. O feito de introducir un dispositivo electrónico non autorizado no aula de exame será considerado motivo de non superación da materia no presente curso académico e a cualificación global será de suspenso (0,0)

OUTROS COMENTARIOS

En todos os casos, en cada proba (teórico-práctica ou de exercicios) debe alcanzarse un mínimo de 4 puntos para que se poida compensar con o resto de notas. Soamente poderase compensar unha proba cando o resto das notas estean por encima do valor mínimo (4). Aclaración a modo de exemplo, un alumno que teña as seguintes puntuacións: 4, 4 e 7, compensaría as partes coa nota de 4 e superaría a materia. No caso de que as notas obtidas fosen 3, 4 e 8 NON compensa a materia e tampouco compensa a proba coa nota de 4 (xa que o resto das notas non cumpren a condición do valor mínimo de 4 puntos). Neste último caso o alumno tería que ir a Xaneiro/Xuño coa proba reducida ou ampliada, segundo o caso. Sinalar que á hora de facer a media entre as diferentes partes debe terse en conta a ponderación das mesmas.

AVALIACIÓN CONTINUA (cualificación sobre 10)

Para superar a materia por Avaliación Continua deben cumprirse os seguintes puntos: 1. É imprescindible realizar con aproveitamento as prácticas da materia asistindo ás mesmas e entregando a resolución dos exercicios propostos. Só se permitirán 2 faltas a o longo de todo o curso, debéndose entregar a resolución das mesmas correctamente. O comportamento inadecuado nas clases penalizarase coma se fose unha falta. Unha vez superado o tope das 2 faltas non se poderá aprobar a materia por avaliación continua. 2. Débense superar (e/o compensar) todas as probas (teórico-prácticas e de exercicios). Os alumnos que superen a Avaliación Continua quedarán exentos das convocatorias oficiais. Con todo, poderán presentarse no caso de que queiran optar a maior nota. No caso de superar a Avaliación Continua e presentarse ás convocatorias oficiais, a nota final será a que se obteña como resultado de ambas as probas. CONVOCATORIAS OFICIAIS (cualificación sobre 10) Os alumnos que NON superen a avaliación continua e teñan soamente una das tres probas pendente, poderán recuperar esta unicamente na convocatoria de Xaneiro/Xuño. No resto dos casos: a) Aqueles alumnos que desenvolvan con aproveitamento as prácticas (é dicir, que asistan e entreguen as resolución das mesmas), realizarán unha proba reducida cun parte teórico-práctica (60% da nota) e outra de exercicios (40% da nota). b) Aqueles alumnos que non cumpran a condición das prácticas, realizarán unha proba ampliada cunha parte teórico-práctica (60% da nota) e outra de exercicios (40% da nota).

Cualificación final.

A nota final do alumno calcularase a partir das notas das distintas probas tendo en conta a ponderación destas (probas teórico-prácticas 60% e proba de Exercicios de prácticas 40%). En calquera caso, para superar a materia é condición necesaria superar todas a partes ou ben ter unha media de aprobado sen que ningunha das notas sexa inferior a 4 (nota mínima para compensar). Nos casos nos que a nota media sexa igual ou superior ao valor de aprobado pero nalgunha das 3 probas non se alcanzou o valor mínimo de 4, a cualificación final será de suspenso. A modo de exemplo, un alumno que obteña as seguintes cualificacións: 5, 9 e 1 estaría suspenso, aínda cando a nota media dá un valor de 5, ao ter unha das partes por baixo da nota de corte (4). Nestes casos, a nota que se reflectirá no acta será de suspenso (4).

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

Chase, R.B y Davis, M.M., **Administración de Operaciones. Producción y cadena de suministros**, McGraw-Hill, 2014

hase, R.B y Davis, M.M., **Administración de Operaciones. Producción y cadena de suministros**, McGraw-Hill, 2014

Krajewski, Ritzman y Malhotra, **Administración de Operaciones. Procesos y cadena de suministro**, Pearson, 2013

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Heizer, J. y Render, B., **Dirección de la Producción y de Operaciones. Decisiones Estratégicas y Tácticas**, Pearson, 2015

Larrañeta, J.C., Onieva, L. y Lozano, S., **Métodos Modernos de gestión de la Producción**, Alianza Editorial, 1995

Schroeder, R.G., **Administración de Operaciones**, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Recomendaciones

Other comments

Para matricularse nesta materia é necesario ter superadas ou ben estar matriculado de todas as materias dos cursos inferiores ao curso no que está emprazada esta materia.

En caso de discrepancias, prevalecerá a versión en castelán desta guía.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Electronic technology				
Subject	Electronic technology			
Code	V12G360V01401			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Rodríguez Castro, Francisco Verdugo Mates, Rafael			
Lecturers	Marcos Acevedo, Jorge Rodríguez Castro, Francisco			
E-mail	rcastro@uvigo.es rverdugo@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	The objective of this course is to provide the students with the theoretical and practical fundamental knowledge in electronics' five main areas: analog electronics, digital electronics, industrial sensors, power electronics and communications electronics.			
In case of any discrepancy between this translation of the guide and the Spanish version, the valid one is the Spanish version.				

Training and Learning Results	
Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
C11	CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.

Expected results from this subject			
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
Know the operation of the electronic devices.	B3	C11	D2 D9 D10 D17
Know the electronic systems of conditioning and acquisition of data.		C11	D10
Identify the different types of industrial sensors.			D10
Know the digital electronic systems basic.		C11	D2 D9 D17
Know the electronic circuits for the communication of information.	B3		D10

Contents	
Topic	
Introduction	- Control and supervision of industrial systems by means of electronics - Some representative cases
Electronic devices, circuits and systems	- Electronics components and devices - Active and passive electronic devices - Analog and digital electronic circuits - Electronic systems

Diodes and rectification	- The diode - Operation modes and characteristics - Diodes types - Operation Models - Analysis of circuits with diodes - Rectifier circuits - Filtering for rectifier circuits - Thyristors
Transistors	- The Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT.) Operation principles and characteristic curves - Work zones - Quiescent point design - The transistor operating as a switch - The transistor operating as an amplifier - Field Effect Transistors (FET).
Amplification	- Amplification concept - Feedback concept - The Operational Amplifier (OA) - Basic circuits with OA - The Instrumentation Amplifier
Digital Electronics I	- Numbering Systems - Boolean Algebra - Combinatorial logic functions. Analysis, synthesis and reduction
Digital electronics II	- Flip-flops - Sequential logic circuits - Programmable Systems - Microprocessors - Memories
Electronic Sensors	- Sensors - Types of sensors as function of the measuring magnitude - Some sensors of special interest in industry applications - Electrical model of some common sensors - Study of some examples of coupling sensors and CAD system
Analog - Digital Converters	- The Analog and Digital Signals. - The Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) - Sampling, quantification and digitization - More important ADC characteristics: number of bits, sampling speed, conversion range and cost
Industrial Communications	- Introduction to Industrial Communications - Industrial data buses.
Power Electronics	- Circuits for Power Conversion - Rectifiers - Lineal and Switched Power Sources

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	25	0	25
Problem solving	8	0	8
Previous studies	0	49	49
Autonomous problem solving	0	46	46
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	1	0	1
Essay questions exam	3	0	3

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	These sessions will be held in the rooms and dates fixed by the direction of the school. They will consist in an oral explanation by the professor of the most important parts of the course, all related with the materials that the student had to work previously. This is intended to favor the active participation of the students, that will have occasion to rise doubts and questions during the sessions. Active participation is desired during all the sessions.
Problem solving	During these sessions, in the classroom, interleaved with the lectures, the professor will proceed to solve examples and/or exercises that properly illustrate the problems to solve. As long as the number of participants in the classroom allows, active participation will be promoted.

Previous studies	Previous preparation of the theoretical sessions: Prior to the start of the theoretical sessions, the students will have available a series of materials that have to prepare, as the sessions will rely on them. Previous preparation of the laboratory sessions: It is mandatory that the students make all the assigned previous tasks prior to access the laboratory. These tasks are intended to greatly improve the laboratory knowledge acquisition. The achieved report will be taken into account when the laboratory session is to be evaluated.
Autonomous problem solving	Self study and review of the theoretical sessions for knowledge consolidation: The student must study, in a systematic time schedule, after each lecture session, in order to dissipate any doubts. Any doubts or unsolved questions will have to be exposed to the professor as soon as possible in order to enhance the feedback of the learning process.
Laboratory practical	Laboratory sessions will be held in the time schedule established by the school's head teacher. Students will work in groups of two students each. The sessions will be supervised by a professor, who will control the assistance and will also evaluate the harnessing of it. During the laboratory session the students will make activities of the following kinds: - Assembling electronics circuits - Use of electronic instrumentation - Measure of physical variables on circuits - Do calculations related to the circuit and/or the measurements - Collect data and represent it (diagrams, charts, tables) At the end of each laboratory session each group will deliver the corresponding score sheets.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practical	Tutoring Sessions: During the established schedule of each professor, students will be able to speak freely about course issues with the professor. Also they will receive orientation and academic support, if needed. Email: The students also will be able to request orientation and support by means of email to the professors of the course. This way of attention is advisable for indications and short doubts of punctual type.

Assessment

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results		
Laboratory practical	Assessment of the laboratory sessions: The laboratory sessions will be evaluated in a continuous way, on each session. The applied criteria are: - A minimum attendance of 80% - Punctuality - Previous task preparation of the sessions - Make the most of the session The practical sessions will be held in groups of two students. The documents of the practices will be available prior to the sessions. The students will fill report, that will be delivered when the session ends. This report serves to justify both the attendance and how they have done the work asked for.	20	C11	D9 D10 D17	
Objective questions exam	Several individual tests will be carried out referring to a set of subjects of the subject. None of the tests carried out will have a weight greater than 40% in the total grade for the subject.	80	B3	C11	D2 D9 D10
Essay questions exam	It will consist of an objective individual test where the entire content of the subject will be evaluated. It will be held at the end of the semester at the times established by the center's management.	80	B3	C11	D2 D9 D10
	This test is reserved for those students who do not reach a minimum score in the "Objective question exams" or those who have been recognized by the center as waiving continuous assessment.				

Other comments on the Evaluation

EVALUATION AND GRADING OF THE SUBJECT

The evaluation of the subject is continuous and consists of the following elements:

Self assessment :

Associated with each topic there are several self-assessment questionnaires. There are short questionnaires after each section or pill into which each topic is divided, and a larger and more comprehensive questionnaire at the end of each topic. These self-assessment questionnaires have no influence on the grade. The purpose of these questionnaires is to help students assess their level of knowledge about each of the topics. The answers of these questionnaires by the students provide valuable information to the teaching staff about those aspects of the subject in which the students find greater difficulties.

Laboratory sessions:

The evaluation of the laboratory sessions accounts for 20% of the course grade. The laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, obtaining a grade for each session. The evaluation criteria are: attendance, punctuality, prior preparation and performance. The laboratory session grade (NP) will be obtained by averaging the grades of all the sessions, with the following requisites:

- A minimum attendance of 80% must be recorded, otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.
- A minimum of 3.3 points in the grade of theory must be reached (NT), otherwise the laboratory grade will be zero.

Theory:

The evaluation of the theory part (NT) accounts for 80% of the course grade. For its evaluation, the subject will be divided into two parts (P1 and P2), each covering approximately 50% of the contents of the subject and three evaluation sessions will be held, distributed as follows:

First session: It will take place approximately in the middle of the semester. This session will exclusively evaluate P1.

Second session: It will be held on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in May. In this session each student will be able to take advantage of one of the following options:

- Incomplete option: Only P2 is examined. Students who have obtained a grade equal to or greater than 3.3 points in P1 may choose this option. If the grade obtained in P2 is equal to or greater than 3.3 points, the resulting grade will be $NT = (P1 + P2) / 2$. If the grade obtained in P2 is less than 3.3 points, NT will be calculated in the same way, but its maximum value will be limited to 3.6 points.
- Complete option: The student renounces the grade of P1 obtained in the first session and takes a complete exam (EC) of the entire theory. The grade will be $NT = EC$.

Third session: It will be done on the date and time established by the center for the final exam in July. In this session, the students will take a complete exam (EC). The grade will be $NT = EC$.

The final grade (NA) will be calculated as follows: $NA = 0.2x (NL) + 0.8x (NT)$

Other considerations

For the present academic year, the laboratory qualifications of the two previous years will be kept and considered valid.

Those students to whom the management of the center grants the waiver of continuous evaluation will be evaluated, on the same day and time of the final exam established by the center (second and / or third session). The evaluation will consist of two tests: An exam in full modality (EC) with a weight of 80% on the final grade. A specific laboratory test, weighing 20% on the final grade. In principle, this specific test will be carried out after the written test in the electronic laboratories of the corresponding center's site.

In the extraordinary call End of Degree students will take a theory exam that will have a weight of 80% on the final grade. The remaining 20% will be obtained from the qualification of a specific laboratory test.

To pass the course, in any of the previous cases, it is necessary to achieve a final grade equal or higher than 5 points.

Recommendations:

It is very important that the students keep updated the profile in the FAITIC platform. All communications related with this course will be made through this platform. All individual communications will be made through the email listed in this platform.

The students can solve doubts related with the laboratory previous activities in the personal attention hours (tutoring time), or by any other contact procedure available in FAITIC.

The students must meet the deadlines for all the activities.

All the achieved results must be justified, in any of the exams or activities. None of the achieved results will be taken for good if no explanation is given about the method used to find them. The selected method for solving a problem is considered when grading the solution.

When writing the solutions and answers in reports and tests, avoid spelling mistakes and unreadable symbols.

Exams lacking some of the sheets will not be graded.

Use of cell phones, notes or books is forbidden during exams.

Competencies Acquisition and Its Influence on Assessments

In this subject all the different activities are designed to assess the students in the competencies, and the acquisition of the competencies defines the final mark. Here follows a description of how the competencies and activities are related.

CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable students to learn new methods and theories, and provide them the versatility to adapt to new situations.

The acquisition of this competency is provided by the contents of the topics of the subject. All activities of self-assessment, the laboratory sessions and the different test are elaborated to evaluate the knowledge of the technical subjects.

CE11 Knowledge of the fundamentals of electronics.

This competency is warrant to be acquired along all the lectures, the laboratory sessions, the self-assessment activities and the tests.

CT2 Problems resolution.

The students will exercise this competency by means of the following activities: self-assessment activities, bulletin of problems and previous theoretical solution of experiments to be made at the laboratory. This competency is also acquired along all the test (for each block and the individual one), as they mainly are composed by problems to be solved.

CT9 Apply Knowledge

This competency is mainly acquired during the laboratory sessions, where the theoretical knowledge from problems, designs and simulations should match the assembly of circuits and real measures. Laboratory sessions are evaluated one by one, scoring an average of marks, if there is a minimum number of attended sessions with a minimum score.

CT10 Self learning and work

The self learning process is fundamental to achieve the score to approve the subject. In order to motivate students in the task of acquiring the theoretical knowledge, self-assessment test (on line), lectures based on the remote learning platform (fatic) and bulletins of problems have been created. The self-assessment test also provide feedback to the professors about the main difficulties found by students. On the laboratory sessions, the previous preparation is an explicit method of evaluation. In order to made this preparation, each of the laboratory sessions has its specific documentation and tutorials.

CT17 Working as a team

The students exercise this competency at the laboratory sessions, by making teams of two people. Cooperation in most of the sessions is needed to perform the assembly of circuits, make the measurements and take notes. The professor in charge of the laboratory session verifies the previous work and how each session is going along, watching that both members cooperate to achieve the best possible result. Scores for students can be different if the professor detects that one of the team member is not cooperating.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Malvino, Albert; Bates, David J., **Principios de Electrónica**, 7ª,

Boylestad, R. L.; Nashelsky, L., **ELECTRÓNICA: TEORÍA DE CIRCUITOS Y DISPOSITIVOS ELECTRONICOS**, 10ª,

Rashid, M.H., **CIRCUITOS MICROELECTRONICOS: ANALISIS Y DISEÑO**, 2ª,

TOCCI, RONALD J., NEAL S. WIDMER, GREGORY L. MOSS, **Sistemas digitales. Principios y aplicaciones**, 10ª,

Lago Ferreira, A.; Nogueiras Meléndez, A. A., **Dispositivos y Circuitos Electrónicos Analógicos: Aplicación práctica en laboratorio**,

Complementary Bibliography

Malik N. R., **Electronic Circuits. Analysis, simulation, and design**,

Wait, J.; Huelsman, L.; Korn, G., **INTRODUCCION AL AMPLIFICADOR OPERACIONAL**, 4ª,

Pleite Guerra, J.; Vergaz Benito, R.; Ruíz de Marcos; J. M., **Electrónica analógica para ingenieros.**,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Fundamentals of automation/V12G380V01403

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Physics: Physics I/V12G380V01102

Physics: Physics II/V12G380V01202

Mathematics: Algebra and statistics/V12G380V01103

Mathematics: Calculus I/V12G380V01104

Mathematics: Calculus II and differential equations/V12G380V01204

Fundamentals of electrical engineering/V12G380V01303

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies				
Subject	Fundamentals of manufacturing systems and technologies			
Code	V12G360V01402			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish			
Department				
Coordinator	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís			
Lecturers	Diéguez Quintas, José Luís Fernández Ulloa, Antonio Queimaño Piñeiro, David			
E-mail	jdieguez@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.es			
General description	The educational aims of Foundations of Systems and Technologies of Manufacture, in his fundamental and descriptive appearances, centre in the study and the application of scientific knowledges and technicians related with the processes of manufacture of components and conjoint whose functional purpose is mechanical, as well as the evaluation of his dimensional precision and the one of the products to obtain, with a determinate quality. All this including from the phases of preparation until the ones of utilisation of the instruments, the tools, toolings, teams, machines tool and necessary systems for his realisation, in accordance with the norms and specifications established, and applying criteria of optimisation.			

To reach the aims mentioned will give the following thematic educational:

- Foundations of dimensional metrology. Measure of length, angles, forms and elements of machines.
- Study, analysis and evaluation of the dimensional tolerances. Chain of tolerances. Optimisation of the tolerances. Systems of adjust and tolerances.
- Processes of conformed of materials by means of start of material, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed by means of plastic deformation, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed by *moldeo, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of conformed no conventional, operations, scheme, teams and tooling.
- Conformed of polymers, and other no metallic materials, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Processes of union and assembling, operations, scheme, teams and tooling
- Foundations of the programming of scheme with *CNC, used in the mechanical manufacture.

Training and Learning Results	
Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
C15	CE15 Basic knowledge of production systems and manufacturing.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D3	CT3 Oral and written proficiency.
D8	CT8 Decision making.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D16	CT16 Critical thinking.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.
D20	CT20 Ability to communicate with people not expert in the field.

Expected results from this subject		
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results	
(*)	C15	D2 D3 D9 D10 D16 D20

New	B3	C15	D2 D10
New		C15	D1 D2 D3 D8 D17
New	B3	C15	D2 D8 D9 D16 D17 D20

Contents

Topic

DIDACTIC UNIT 1. INTRODUCTION To THE TECHNOLOGIES And SYSTEMS OF MANUFACTURE.	Lesson 1. INTRODUCTION To THE ENGINEERING OF *FABRICACION. The productive cycle. Classification of industries. Technologies of manufacture.
DIDACTIC UNIT 2. *METROTECNIA.	Lesson 2. PRINCIPLES OF DIMENSIONAL METROLOGY. Introduction. Definitions and concepts. The International System of Units. Physical magnitudes that covers the Dimensional Metrology. Elements that take part in the measurement. Classifications of the methods of measure. Patterns. The chain of *trazabilidad. *Calibración. Uncertainty. Chain of *calibración and transmission of the uncertainty. Relation between tolerance and uncertainty. Expression of the uncertainty of measure in *calibración. Lesson 3. INSTRUMENTS And METHODS OF MEASURE. Introduction. Patterns. Instruments of verification. Patterns *interferométricos. Principles of *interferometría. Instruments of direct measure. Methods and instruments of indirect measure. Lesson 4. MEASUREMENT BY COORDINATES. MEASUREMENT BY IMAGE. SUPERFICIAL QUALITY. Machines of measurement by coordinates. Concept. Principles of the MMC. Classification of the machines. Main components of the MMC. Process to be followed for the development of a measure. Systems of measurement by image. Superficial quality. Methods of measure of the *rugosidad. Parameters of *rugosidad.

DIDACTIC UNIT 3.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY START OF
MATERIAL

Lesson 5. INTRODUCTION To THE CONFORMED BY START OF MATERIAL.
Introduction. Movements in the process of start of material. Factors to take into account in the election of the tool. Geometry of tool. Materials of tool. Mechanism of training of the shaving. Types of shavings. Power and strengths of court. Wear of tool. Criteria of wear of tool. Determination of the life of the tool. Flowed of court.

Lesson 6. TURNING: OPERATIONS, SCHEME And TOOLING.
Introduction. Main operations in lathe. The machine-tool: the lathe. Main parts of the lathe. Setting or subjection of pieces. Typical tools of the lathe. Special lathes.

Lesson 7. MILLED: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction. Description and classification of the operations of milled. Parts and main types of *fresadoras. Types of strawberries. Setting of the tool. Subjection of pieces. Different configurations of *fresadoras.
*Fresadoras Special.

Lesson 8. MECHANISED OF HOLES And WITH RECTILINEAR MAIN MOVEMENT: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. Punches.
*Mandrinadoras. General characteristics of the processes of mechanised with rectilinear main movement. *Limadora. *Mortajadora. *Cepilladora.
*Brochadora. Saws.

Lesson 9. CONFORMED WITH ABRASIVE: OPERATIONS, MACHINES And TOOLING.
Introduction to the operations of mechanised of holes. You grind abrasive. Operation of rectified. Types of *rectificadoras. *Honeado. *Lapeado. Polishing. Burnished. *Superacabado

Lesson 10. PROCESSES OF MECHANISED NO CONVENTIONAL.
Introduction. The mechanised by electroerosion or *electro-download. Mechanised electrochemical. Mechanised by laser. Mechanised by *chorro of water. Court by arch of plasma. Mechanised by ultrasounds. Milled chemist.

DIDACTIC UNIT 4.
AUTOMATION And MANAGEMENT OF THE
PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE.

Lesson 11. NUMERICAL CONTROL OF MACHINES TOOL.
Introduction. Advantages of the application of the *CN in the machines tool. Necessary information for the creation of a program of *CN. Manual programming of *MHCHN. Types of language of *CN. Structure of a program in code ISO. Characters employed. Preparatory functions (G_). Auxiliary functions (M_). Interpretation of the main functions. Examples. Automatic programming in numerical control.

DIDACTIC UNIT 5.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED OF MATERIALS IN
LIQUID STATE And GRANULATE.

Lesson 12. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY FOUNDRY OF METALS.

Introduction. Stages in the conformed by foundry. Nomenclature of the main parts of the mould. Materials employed in the conformed by foundry. Flow of the fluid in the system of feeding. Solidification of the metals. Contraction of the metals. The *rechupe. Procedure of calculation of the system distribution of *colada. Considerations on design and defects in pieces melted.

Lesson 13. PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURE BY FOUNDRY.

Classification of the processes of foundry. *Moldeo In sand. *Moldeo In shell. *Moldeo In plaster. *Moldeo In ceramics. *Moldeo To the CO₂. *Moldeo To the stray wax

Foundry in full mould. *Moldeo *Mergast. *Moldeo In permanent mould. Foundry injected. Foundry *centrifugada. Ovens employed in foundry.

Lesson 14. METALLURGY OF DUSTS (*PULVIMETALURGIA).

Introduction. Manufacture of the metallic dusts. Characteristics and properties of the metallic dusts. Dosage and mix of metallic dusts.

*Compactación. *Sinterizado. Ovens of sintering. *Sinterizado By download *disruptiva. *Presinterizado. Back operations. Considerations of design. Products *obtenibles by sintering.

Lesson 15. CONFORMED OF PLASTICS.

Introduction. Polymeric material classification. Physical properties of polymers. Classification of the processes. *Moldeo By extrusion. *Moldeo By injection. *Moldeo By compression. *Moldeo By transfer. *Moldeo Rotational. *Termoconformado.

DIDACTIC UNIT 6.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY UNION.

Lesson 16. PROCESSES OF WELDING.

Introduction to the processes of welding. Welding with electrical arch. Welding by resistance. Welding with oxygen and gas fuel. Welding with temperature of fusion of metal of lower contribution that the one of the metals to join.

Lesson 17. PROCESSES OF UNION And SETTING WITHOUT WELDING.

Processes of union by means of adhesive. Resistance to the adhesion. Conditions for the hit. Design of unions Types of adhesive according to origin and composition. Processes of mechanical union. Removable mechanical unions and permanent.

DIDACTIC UNIT 7.
PROCESSES OF CONFORMED BY PLASTIC
DEFORMATION OF METALS.

Lesson 18. GENERAL APPEARANCES OF THE CONFORMED BY PLASTIC DEFORMATION.

Introduction. Curves of effort-deformation. Expressions of the deformation. Proof of the volume. Approximate models of the curve encourage real-natural deformation. State of flat deformation. Primary and secondary processes. Processes of work in hot and in cold. Conditions and control of the process.

Lesson 19. PROCESSES OF *LAMINACIÓN And FORGES.

*Laminación: Foundations; temperature of *laminación; teams for the *laminación in hot; characteristics, quality and tolerances of the products *laminados in hot; *laminación in cold. It forges: free; in matrix of impression; in press; by *recalcado; header in cold; by *laminación; in cold.

Lesson 20. EXTRUSION, *EMBUTICIÓN And AFFINE.

Extrusion. Pulled of bars and tubes. *Trefilado. Reduction of section. *Embutición. *Repujado In lathe. Attainable pieces by *repujado: considerations of design. Forming by pulled. Forming with pads of rubber and with liquid to pressure. Forming to big power.

Lesson 21. CONFORMED OF METALLIC SHEET.

*Curvado Or bent of sheets. *Curvado With rollers. Conformed with rollers. *Enderezado. *Engatillado. Operations of cut of sheet.

PROGRAM OF PRACTICES

Practice 1.- Utilisation of the conventional devices of metrology. Measurement of pieces using foot of normal king and of depths and micrometer of outsides and inner. Employment of clock comparator. *Comprobación Of flat surfaces. Use of calibrate raisin/does not happen, rules, squares and *calas pattern. Measurement and *comprobación of threads. Realisation of metric measurements and in English units.

Practice 2.- Indirect measurements. *Comprobación Of a cone using rollers and a foot of king, measurement of a tail of *milano using rollers, measurement of the angles of a double tail of *milano and measurements using a rule of breasts. Direct measurements with goniometer.

Practice 3.- Machine of measurement by coordinates. Establish a system of coordinates. Check measures in piece, using a machine to measure by coordinates. Verify tolerances forms and position.

Practice 4.- Manufacture with machines conventional tools. Manufacture of a piece employing the lathe, the *fresadora and the *taladro conventional, defining the basic operations and realising them on the machine.

Practice 5.- Selection of conditions of computer-aided court. Realisation of leaves of process of three pieces using program of planning of Practical computer-aided processes 6, 7 and 8.- Initiation to the numerical control applied to the lathe and to the *fresadora. Realisation of a program in *CNC using a simulator, with the main orders and simpler; realising at the end diverse pieces so much in the lathe as in the *fresadora of the classroom workshop.

Practice 9.- Welding. Knowledge of different teams of electrical welding. *Soldeo Of different materials employed the technicians of electrode *revestido, *TIG and *MIG.

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	32.5	0	32.5
Laboratory practical	18	0	18
Objective questions exam	0	2	2
Laboratory practice	0	50	50

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	The theoretical classes will realise combining the explanations of blackboard with the employment of videos and presentations of computer. The purpose of these is to complement the content of aim them, interpreting the concepts in these exposed by means of the sample of examples and the realisation of exercises.
Laboratory practical	The practical classes of laboratory will realise in 9 sessions of 2 hours, except the students of the course bridge that will realise the practices in the 6 sessions that contemplates his particular schedule, in groups of 20 maximum students, and employing the available resources of instruments and machines, combining with the simulations by computer.

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Lecturing	
Laboratory practical	
Tests	Description
Objective questions exam	
Laboratory practice	

Assessment

Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results

Objective questions exam	It TESTS TYPE To (for all the students -60% final note-) The character of this proof is written and face-to-face, is compulsory for all the students, with or without continuous evaluation. It will be composed this proof by 20 ask type test on the theoretical and practical contents. The assessment of tests it type test will realise in a scale of 6 points, what represents 60% of the total note, being necessary to obtain at least 2 points, so that together with the practical proofs can obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter The note of this test will obtain adding 0,3 points by each properly answered question and will subtract 0,1 points if the question is resolved of wrong form. The questions in white do not mark.	39	B3 C15 D1 D3 D8 D9 D10 D16
Laboratory practice	It TESTS TYPE *B (continuous evaluation -30% final note-): Two test type test to realise in the schedule of class, consistent in 5 questions on the matter given until the moment, each correct question will cost 0,3 points and the wrong will subtract 0,1 points. The questions in white do not mark. Each proof will be therefore 15% of the final note. It TESTS TYPE C (continuous evaluation -10% final note-): A proof written or work to propose by the professor along the *cuatrimestre. This proof will value with a maximum of 1 point, 10% of the final note. These notes will add to the qualification of tests it type test, to be able to obtain at least 5 points and surpass the matter. It TESTS TYPE (renunciation to the continuous evaluation -40% final note-): Resolution of several practical problems, whose value will be 40% of the final note, or was at most 4 points, being necessary to obtain a minimum of 1 point in this second proof so that the qualification can add to the one of tests it type test, and if it equalises or surpasses 5 points, approve the matter. This tests type D, will realise it the students to which have conceded them the renunciation to the continuous evaluation, and will realise the same day that realise tests it compulsory test, after this have finalised.	61	C15 D2 D8 D9 D10 D16 D17 D20

Other comments on the Evaluation

<*/p>APPROVED<*/p><*/p>Students described by means of continuous evaluation:<*/p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the punctuation of test them types □To□, □*B□ and □C□. <*/p><*/p>All the students in principle will have to follow the procedure of continuous evaluation, except those that on purpose renounce in the term and form that mark the school. <*/p><*/p> Students described with renunciation conceded to the continuous evaluation:<*/p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the punctuation of test them types □To□ and □D□.<*/p><*/p>ASSISTANCE To PRACTICAL CLASSES<*/p><*/p>The assistance to practical classes is not compulsory, but will be always matter of examination the in them given.<*/p><*/p>ANNOUNCEMENT OF 2º EDITION<*/p><*/p>Students with continuous evaluation, qualification in the announcement of 2º edition:<*/p><*/p> This second edition of the ordinary announcement will describe as the following way: <*/p><*/p>- By means of the realisation of the compulsory proof type □To□ <*/p><*/p>- conserve the qualifications of the two test type □*B□ in this 2ª opportunity, but will be able to , if it wishes , improve this qualification, by means of the repetition of these test type □*B□ when finalising tests it type □To□.<*/p><*/p>- Will keep the punctuation reached in tests it type □C□ by maximum value of 1 point, but will be able to improve this note if it wishes by means of a proof written or work to propose by the professor, to deliver before the day of the announcement of this second edition.<*/p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the three previous proofs. <*/p><*/p>The notes of the proofs of continuous evaluation, corresponding to 40% of the final qualification, will not conserve of a course for another. <*/p><*/p>Students without continuous evaluation, qualification in the announcement of 2º edition: <*/p><*/p>The students that do not realise continuous evaluation, due to the fact that the centre has accepted them the renunciation, always will have to realise in all the announcements tests it type □To□ (by value of 6 points) and tests it type □D□ (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. <*/p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. <*/p><*/p>EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT: <*/p><*/p>This proof will be equal for all the students and will consist in one tests it type □To□ (by value of 6 points) and tests it type □D□ (by value of 4 points), in the terms specified in the previous sections. <*/p><*/p>To surpass this matter is necessary at least obtain 5 points adding the two previous proofs. <*/p><*/p>ETHICAL COMMITMENT:<*/p><*/p>expects that the present student a suitable ethical behaviour, free of fraud. In case to detect a no ethical behaviour (copy, plagiarism, utilisation of unauthorised electronic devices, for example) will consider that the student does not gather the necessary requirements to surpass the matter. In this case the global qualification in the present academic course will be of suspense (0.0).<*/p>

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Complementary Bibliography

Dieguez, J.L.; Pereira, A.; Ares, J.E.; 'Fundamentos de fabricación mecánica,

Alting, L., **Procesos para ingeniería de manufactura**,
De Garmo; Black; Kohser, **Materiales y procesos de fabricación**,
Kalpakjian, Serope, **Manufactura, ingeniería y tecnología**,
Lasheras, J.M., **Tecnología mecánica y metrotecnica**,

Recommendations

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Materials science and technology/V12G350V01305

Other comments

Requirements: To enrol of this matter is necessary to have surpassed or be enrolled of all the matters of the inferior courses to the course to the that is *emplazada this matter.

In case of discrepancies, will prevail the version in Spanish of this guide.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Mecánica de fluídos				
Subject	Mecánica de fluídos			
Code	V12G360V01403			
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2	2c
Teaching language	Castelán Galego			
Department				
Coordinator	Paz Penín, María Concepción Conde Fontenla, Marcos Román Espiñeira, Ignacio Javier			
Lecturers	Conde Fontenla, Marcos Leite Herbelo, Pablo Román Espiñeira, Ignacio Javier			
E-mail	i.roman@uvigo.es mfontenla@uvigo.gal cpaz@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal			
General description	Nesta guía docente preséntase información relativa á materia Mecánica de Fluídos de 2º curso do grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais, no que se continúa de forma coordinada un achegamento ás directrices marcadas polo Espazo Europeo de Educación Superior. Neste documento recóllense as competencias xenéricas que se pretende que os alumnos adquiran neste curso, o calendario de actividades docentes previsto e a guía docente de materia. A Mecánica de Fluídos describe os fenómenos físicos relevantes do movemento dos fluídos, describindo as ecuacións xerais dos devanditos movementos. Este coñecemento proporciona os principios básicos necesarios para analizar calquera sistema no que o fluído sexa o medio de traballo. Estes principios son de aplicación en: -Deseño de maquinaria hidráulica -Centrais térmicas e de fluídos de produción de enerxía convencionais e renovables. - Lubricación - Sistemas de calefacción e ventilación, calor e frío. - Deseño de sistemas de tubaxes. - Medios de transporte. - Aerodinámica de estruturas e edificios.			

Resultados de Formación e Aprendizaxe

Code	
B4	CG4 Capacidade para resolver problemas con iniciativa, toma de decisións, creatividade, razoamento crítico e de comunicar e transmitir coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas no campo da enxeñaría industrial.
B5	CG5 Coñecementos para a realización de medicións, cálculos, valoracións, taxacións, peritaxes, estudos, informes, planes de labores e outros traballos análogos.
C8	CE8 Coñecementos dos principios básicos da mecánica de fluídos e a súa aplicación á resolución de problemas no campo da enxeñaría. Cálculo de tubaxes, canais e sistemas de fluídos.
D2	CT2 Resolución de problemas.
D9	CT9 Aplicar coñecementos.
D10	CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos.

Resultados previstos na materia

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
Entender os principios básicos do movemento de fluídos.	B4	C8	D9 D10
Capacidade para calcular tubaxes e canles.	B5	C8	D2 D9 D10
Capacidade para coñecer e dominar as ferramentas coas que se abordan os problemas de fluxos de fluídos.	B4 B5	C8	D2 D9 D10
Capacidade para manexar medidores de magnitudes fluídas.	B5	C8	D9 D10

Contidos	
Topic	
1.- Conceptos fundamentais dos fluídos	1.1.- Concepto de fluído. 1.2.- Hipótese de medio continuo. 1.3.- Viscosidade. 1.4.- Reoloxía básica: lei de Navier-Poisson e lei de Newton da viscosidade. 1.5.- Presión e carga: estática, dinámica e piezométrica. 1.6.- Forzas sobre fluídos: volumétricas e superficiais. 1.7.- Tensor de esforzos sobre unha partícula fluída. 1.8.- Outras propiedades de interese en mecánica de fluídos.
2.- Estudio xeral do movemento dos fluídos	2.1.- Enfoques clásicos: Euler vs. Lagrange. 2.2.- Concepto de campo de velocidade. 2.3.- Cinemática básica: aceleración e tensor de variación da velocidade. Liñas de traxectoria e corrente. 2.4.- Tensións e deformacións da partícula fluída: relación co tensor de variación da velocidade. 2.5.- Clasificación de fluxos de fluídos: - segundo condicións cinemáticas - segundo condicións xeométricas - segundo condicións mecánicas de contorno - segundo condicións do movemento interno 2.6.- Sistema vs. volume de control 2.7.- Integrais estendidas a volumes fluídos: Teorema do transporte de Reynolds. 2.8.- Relacións integrais para un volume de control: conservación da masa, conservación da cantidade de movemento e conservación da enerxía. 2.9.- Relacións diferenciais para unha partícula fluída: continuidade e segunda lei de Newton. Ecuacións de Navier-Stokes. Ecuación da enerxía. 2.10.- Casos particulares: ecuación de Euler, teorema de Bernoulli, fluxo incompresible, vorticidade e irrotacionalidade.
3.- Análise dimensional y similitude fluído-dinámica.	3.1.- Introducción á análise dimensional. 3.2.- Teorema Pi de Buckingham. 3.3.- Grupos adimensionais de importancia na Mecánica de Fluídos: significación física. 3.4.- Similitude: parcial e total. Efecto de escala.
4.- Movemento laminar	4.1.- Introducción. 4.2.- Ecuacións de Navier-Stokes simplificadas: movemento estacionario unidireccional de líquidos. 4.3.- Casos particulares: Fluxo de Couette e fluxo de Hagen-Poiseuille. 4.4.- Pérdida de carga en réxime laminar: factor de fricción.
5.- Movemento turbulento	5.1.- Introducción. 5.2.- Enfoque estatístico da turbulencia. 5.3.- Modelos RANS para a turbulencia. 5.4.- Outros modelos para a turbulencia de interese. 5.5.- Noción de capa límite. 5.6.- Tratamento práctico-experimental da perda de carga en réxime turbulento: - Diagrama de Nikuradse - Diagrama de Moody - Fórmulas empíricas para fluxo en tubaxes
6.- Movementsos de líquidos en tubaxes de sección variable	6.1.- Introducción 6.2.- Perdas de carga localizadas: - Perda á entrada dun tubo - Perda nun tubo á saída - Perdas en válvulas - Perda en cóbados e outros elementos adaptadores singulares. - Perdas en válvulas
7.- Sistemas de tubaxes	7.1.- Sistemas de tubaxes: serie e paralelo. 7.2.- Redes de tubaxes: ecuacións de no e ecuacións de malla. 7.3.- Acople sistema-bomba. 7.4.- Transitorios en tubaxes: - Tempo de baleirado dun recipiente - Establecemento do réxime permanente nunha tubaxe - Introducción ao golpe de ariete

8.- Fluxo permanente en canles	8.1.- Introducción. 8.2.- Perdas de enerxía. 8.3.- Ecuacións para fluxo permanente uniforme: Sección máis eficiente. 8.4.- Ecuacións para fluxo permanente non uniforme. 8.5.- Ecuación da enerxía en transicións. 8.6.- Salto hidráulico. 8.7.- Medición de fluxo e regulación: comportas.
9.- Experimentación con fluxos fluídos. Dispositivos de medida.	9.1.- Medición da presión: - Manómetro simple - Manómetro Bourdon. - Transductores 9.2.- Medición da velocidade: - Tubo de Pitot - Tubo de Pitot-Prandtl - Anemómetros de rotación - Anemómetros de fío quente - Anemómetros sónicos e láser 9.3.- Medida de caudal: - Medidores de presión diferencial - Outros fluxómetros de uso frecuente.
10.- Practicas de laboratorio	10.1.- Perda de carga e medida do caudal - Medida de caudal con venturi. - Medida de caudal con placa de orificio - Determinación do coeficiente de fricción. - Perdas de carga en codos. - Perdas de carga en válvulas. 10.2.- Chorro libre: - Experimentación con tubo Pitot. - Visualización do perfil de velocidades. - Turbulencia en fluxos non confinados - Aplicación da lei de conservación da cantidade de movemento. 10.3.- Túnel de vento - Visualización da distribución de presións ao redor de corpos en fluxo externo. - Resistencia de forma e resistencia de fricción - Cálculo dos coeficientes aerodinámicos adimensionais máis relevantes. 10.4.- Análise de transitorios en instalacións - Visualización do fenómeno do golpe de ariete - Análise do deseño dun tanque ou cheminea de equilibrio. 10.5.- Experimento de Osborne Reynolds - Visualización da transición de réxime laminar a turbulento.

Planificación

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	30	60.5	90.5
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	0	27	27
Resolución de problemas	14	0	14
Prácticas de laboratorio	3	10	13
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	2.5	0	2.5
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	1.5	0	1.5
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	1.5	0	1.5

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente

	Description
Lección maxistral	Explícanse os fundamentos de cada tema para posterior resolución de problemas prácticos. Poderanse realizar actividades como: Sesión maxistral Lecturas Revisión bibliográfica Resumen Esquemas Solución de problemas Conferencias Presentación oral

Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	Aplicaranse os conceptos desenvolvidos de cada tema á solución de exercicios. Inclúe actividades tales como: Lecturas Solución de problemas Estudo de casos prácticos
Resolución de problemas	Aplicáse os conceptos desenvolvidos en cada tema na resolución dos exercicios
Prácticas de laboratorio	Aplicaranse os conceptos desenvolvidos de cada tema á realización de prácticas de laboratorio. Fundamentalmente, realizaranse actividades de experimentación, aínda que tamén poderán realizarse: Casos prácticos Simulación Solución de problemas Aprendizaxe colaborativo

Atención personalizada

Methodologies	Description
Lección maxistral	Os profesores publicarán o seu horario de titorías a primeira semana de curso na plataforma de teledocencia. A existencia deste horario preasignado, non supón que non se poidan celebrar fora do mesmo, sempre de mutuo acordo entre alumno e profesor. As titorías poderán levarse a cabo de forma presencial ou non presencial, mediante medios telemáticos habituais (correo-e, foros da plataforma de teledocencia, etc.) ou mediante as ferramentas que a universidade poña á disposición de alumnos e profesores para tal fin (aulas e despachos virtuais, etc.).
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	Os profesores publicarán o seu horario de titorías a primeira semana de curso na plataforma de teledocencia. A existencia deste horario preasignado, non supón que non se poidan celebrar fora do mesmo, sempre de mutuo acordo entre alumno e profesor. As titorías poderán levarse a cabo de forma presencial ou non presencial, mediante medios telemáticos habituais (correo-e, foros da plataforma de teledocencia, etc.) ou mediante as ferramentas que a universidade poña á disposición de alumnos e profesores para tal fin (aulas e despachos virtuais, etc.).
Prácticas de laboratorio	Os profesores publicarán o seu horario de titorías a primeira semana de curso na plataforma de teledocencia. A existencia deste horario preasignado, non supón que non se poidan celebrar fora do mesmo, sempre de mutuo acordo entre alumno e profesor. As titorías poderán levarse a cabo de forma presencial ou non presencial, mediante medios telemáticos habituais (correo-e, foros da plataforma de teledocencia, etc.) ou mediante as ferramentas que a universidade poña á disposición de alumnos e profesores para tal fin (aulas e despachos virtuais, etc.).
Resolución de problemas	Os profesores publicarán o seu horario de titorías a primeira semana de curso na plataforma de teledocencia. A existencia deste horario preasignado, non supón que non se poidan celebrar fora do mesmo, sempre de mutuo acordo entre alumno e profesor. As titorías poderán levarse a cabo de forma presencial ou non presencial, mediante medios telemáticos habituais (correo-e, foros da plataforma de teledocencia, etc.) ou mediante as ferramentas que a universidade poña á disposición de alumnos e profesores para tal fin (aulas e despachos virtuais, etc.).

Avaliación

	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results			
Prácticas de laboratorio	As medicións e os resultados pedidos na memoria de cada práctica, serán avaliados a través dun informe de prácticas ou cuestionario tipo test. Ver outros comentarios para os pesos e o método de avaliación.	10	B5	C8	D9	D10
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	Probas escritas que poderán constar de: cuestións teóricas, cuestións prácticas resolución de exercicios/problemas, tema a desenvolver e/ou cuestionario tipo test. Ver outros comentarios para o método de avaliación.	40	B4	C8	D2	D9
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	Probas escritas que poderán constar de: cuestións teóricas, cuestións prácticas resolución de exercicios/problemas, tema a desenvolver e/ou cuestionario tipo test. Ver outros comentarios para o método de avaliación.	25	B5	C8	D9	D10
Exame de preguntas de desenvolvemento	Probas escritas que poderán constar de: cuestións teóricas, cuestións prácticas resolución de exercicios/problemas, tema a desenvolver e/ou cuestionario tipo test. Ver outros comentarios para o método de avaliación.	25	B4	C8	D2	D9

Other comments on the Evaluation

A/O alumna/o poderá decidir libremente a metodoloxía de avaliación (Global ou Continua) dentro do prazo e procedemento estipulados a tal efecto pola escola ou o coordinador da materia, e en calquera caso de acordo coa normativa vixente.

O problema da elección polo alumnado dunha metodoloxía de avaliación ou outra, de acordo cos pesos máximos estipulados, maniféstase de forma máis dramática no caso de dous alumnos que realizan o exame/reválida final e, obtendo exactamente a mesma cualificación nel (por exemplo, un 6), un aproba por ter elixido a avaliación global e o outro suspende por ter elixido a avaliación continua e obter só un 4.2 sobre 10 na media das probas de avaliación continua.

Para mitigar esta contradición da normativa no caso de optar por facer unha proba final de reválida, nesta materia calcularanse para cada estudante en modalidade de avaliación continua, dúas notas e asignaráselle a máis alta das dúas.

Modalidade Avaliación Continua

No calculo da cualificación final, consideraranse catro bloques de avaliación que consistirán e terán os seguintes pesos:

- Primeira proba parcial de avaliación continua, peso: 25%. Proba consistente en cuestións teórico/prácticas incluíndo resolución de exercicios e problemas e/ou tema a desenvolver. Poderían incluír cuestionarios tipo test.
- Segunda proba parcial de avaliación continua, peso: 25%. Proba consistente en cuestións teórico/prácticas incluíndo resolución de exercicios e problemas e/ou tema a desenvolver. Poderían incluír cuestionarios tipo test.
- Proba final de avaliación continua (reválida), peso: 40%. Proba consistente en cuestións teórico/prácticas incluíndo resolución de exercicios e problemas e/ou tema a desenvolver. Poderían incluír cuestionarios tipo test.
- Prácticas, peso: 10%. Entrega dunha memoria/informe/cuestionario e/ou realización de proba oral de a lo menos dúas prácticas experimentais/TIC a realizar ao longo do curso.

No espírito do parágrafo anterior, asignarase a nota final de curso a todo o alumnado mediante a seguinte fórmula:

$$\text{Nota-Actas} = \max \{0.6 \text{ NC} + 0.4 \text{ NF}, \text{NF} + (1/20) \text{ NC} (10 - \text{NF})\}$$

onde NC é a media ponderada das probas parciais e prácticas de avaliación continua (no rango de 0 a 10) e NF é a nota da reválida (tamén sobre 10).

Modalidade Avaliación Global

Farase un exame final na data oficial aprobada en xunta de escola, puntuación máxima: 100%

Outros

Na convocatoria de segunda oportunidade (extraordinaria de xullo) rexeran a mesma metodoloxía que en primeira oportunidade, realizándose unha nova proba de avaliación final para o alumnado que vaia por continua e un novo exame final para o itinerario seguindo a avaliación global. Na modalidade de avaliación continua, por tanto, gárdase a nota das probas parciais e de prácticas.

No caso de non presentarse a ningún exame final/reválida, a cualificación será a de *Non Presentado*

Calendario de exames

Verificar/consultar de forma actualizada na páxina web do centro:

Compromiso ético

Espérase que o alumno presente un comportamento ético adecuado. No caso de detectar un comportamento non ético (copia, plaxio, utilización de aparellos electrónicos non autorizados e outros) considérase que o alumno non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso a cualificación global no actual curso académico será de suspenso (0.0).

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

White, Frank M., **Mecánica de Fluidos**, 6ª, McGraw-Hill, 2009

Crespo Martinez, Antonio, **Mecánica de fluidos**, 1ª, Thomson, 2006

Paz Penín, Concepción et al., **Prácticas de laboratorio de mecánica de fluidos**, 1ª, Servizo de publicacións da UVigo, 2018

Complementary Bibliography

Çengel, Yunus A. and Cimbala, John M., **Mecánica de fluidos : fundamentos y aplicaciones**, 4ª, McGraw-Hill, 2012

Streeter, Victor L. et al, **Mecánica de fluidos**, 9ª, McGraw-Hill, 2000

Fox, Robert W. and McDonald, Alan T., **Introducción a la mecánica de fluidos**, 2ª, Mc-Graw Hill, 1995

Batchelor, G. K., **An Introduction to fluid dynamics**, Cambridge Mathematical Library edition, Cambridge University Press, 2000

Heras, Salvador de las, **Mecánica de fluidos en ingeniería**, 1ª, Iniciativa Digital Politécnica, 2012

Barrero Ripoll, Antonio et al., **Fundamentos y Aplicaciones de la Mecánica de Fluidos**, 1ª, McGraw-Hill, 2005

Hernández Krahe, J. M, **Mecánica de Fluidos y Máquinas Hidráulicas**, 1ª, Servicio de publicaciones de la UNED, 2000

Agüera Soriano, José, **Mecánica de fluidos incompresibles y turbomáquinas hidráulicas**, 1ª, Ciencia 3, 1996

Recomendacións

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Control e automatización industrial/V12G340V01702

Tecnoloxía térmica/V12G340V01802

Programación avanzada para a enxeñaría/V12G340V01906

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Termodinámica e transmisión de calor/V12G380V01302

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Física: Física I/V12G380V01102

Física: Física II/V12G380V01202

Matemáticas: Álgebra e estatística/V12G380V01103

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G380V01104

Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais/V12G380V01204

Other comments

Recoméndase ao alumno:

- Seguimento continuo da materia con unha dedicación acorde
- Asistencia a clase
- Participar activamente con dúbidas e inquedanzas

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Mechanics of materials				
Subject	Mechanics of materials			
Code	V12G360V01404			
Study programme	Grado en Ingeniería en Tecnologías Industriales			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2nd	2nd
Teaching language	Spanish Galician			
Department				
Coordinator	Cabaleiro Núñez, Manuel Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
Lecturers	Cabaleiro Núñez, Manuel Filgueira Crespo, Manuel Pereira Conde, Manuel Riveiro Rodríguez, Belén			
E-mail	mcabaleiro@uvigo.es belenriveiro@uvigo.es			
Web	http://moovi.uvigo.gal/			
General description	(*)Nesta materia estúdase o comportamento dos sólidos deformables, analizando as relacións entre solicitacións, tensións e deformacións. Estúdanse os principios básicos da Resistencia de Materiais, especialmente en elementos tipo barra.			

Training and Learning Results

Code	
B3	CG3 Knowledge in basic and technological subjects that will enable them to learn new methods and theories, and equip them with versatility to adapt to new situations.
B4	CG4 Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical thinking and to communicate and transmit knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of Industrial Engineering.
C14	CE14 Knowledge and use of the principles of strength of materials.
D1	CT1 Analysis and synthesis.
D2	CT2 Problems resolution.
D9	CT9 Apply knowledge.
D10	CT10 Self learning and work.
D16	CT16 Critical thinking.
D17	CT17 Working as a team.

Expected results from this subject

Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results		
To know the differences between rigid solid and elastic solid.	B3	C14	D1
To know the stress and deformation states in a deformable solid and the relationship between them.	B4		D2
Apply the acquired knowledge to the determination of the maximum values of stress at a point of a deformable solid.			D9
To know the basic principles governing the Mechanics of Materials.			D10
To know the relationships between the different stress resultants and the stresses.			D16
To apply the knowledge acquired to the determination of stress resultant diagrams.			D17
To apply the acquired knowledge about stresses applied to bar elements.			
To know the basics about deformations of bar elements.			
To apply the knowledge acquired to the dimensioning of bar elements.			

Contents

Topic	
1. Introduction	1.1 Introduction 1.2 Review of statics fundamentals and applied concepts for further progress in solid mechanics and stress analysis

2. Basic principles of elasticity and mechanics of materials	2.0 Stress and strain. Linear elastic materials 2.1. Normal stress in an axially loaded prismatic bar. 2.2. Equilibrium of a deformable body. 2.3. Stress-Strain diagram of ductile materials. Hooke's Law. 2.4. Stress resultants. Diagrams.
3. Axial Loads	3.1. Normal forces. 3.2. Elastic deformation of an axially loaded member. 3.3. Statically governed problems. 3.4. Statically indeterminate problems. 3.5. Thermal stress and assembly misfits.
4. Bending and shear	4.1 Beams: definition and types. Loads on beams. 4.2 Internal shear forces and bending moments. 4.3 External load, shear force and bending moment relationships. 4.4 Shear and moment diagrams 4.5 Pure bending and non-uniform bending. Hypothesis and limitations. 4.6. Normal stresses in unsymmetric bending. 4.7 Symmetric bending. The flexure formula (Navier's Law). 4.8 Section modulus of a beam. Ideal beam cross-section. 4.9 Deflection of beams and shafts. Slope and deflection. 4.10 Hyperstatic bending. 4.11 The shear formula.
5. Introduction to compressive buckling	4.1. Definition 4.2. Critical load. Euler's formula. 4.3. Limitations of Euler's formula. 4.4. Practical applications.
6. Introduction to torsion	6.1. Definition. 6.2. Torsion in circular shafts. 6.3. Torque diagrams.. 6.4. Torsional stresses and deformations

Planning

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lecturing	30.5	40	70.5
Laboratory practical	9	23	32
Problem solving	9	9	18
Essay questions exam	3	0	3
Problem and/or exercise solving	0	24.5	24.5
Objective questions exam	2	0	2

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies

	Description
Lecturing	Lecture where theoretical principles are presented using digital media, videos and blackboard
Laboratory practical	Activities of application of the knowledge to concrete situations and of acquisition of basic skills and procedural skills related with the subject of study.
Problem solving	Resolution of problems related to real case studies

Personalized assistance

Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practical	The students can ask the lecturers for the clarification of those concepts presented in the lectures and practicals, as well as to clarify / discuss any doubts that may appear after the end of the sessions. The tutoring sessions may be carried out by telematic means (Remote Campus, Fatic, etc.) under the modality of prior agreement.

Assessment

Description	Qualification Training and Learning Results
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Laboratory practical	Attendance and active participation in all the practical classes of the semester will be valued, as well as the timely delivery of all the documentation requested in them (reports, internship reports, etc.). The face-to-face part corresponding to each practice takes place on a specific date, so it is not possible to make up for absences. Those practices in which the student presents an official certificate (doctor, court,...) due to unavoidable reasons will be excused. It will be scored with the indicated value, provided that at least 45% of the possible qualification is reached in the final exam.	10	B3 C14 D1 B4 D2 D9 D10 D16 D17
Essay questions exam	Written exam on the official data established by the School.	40	B3 C14 D1 B4 D2 D9 D10 D16
Problem and/or exercise solving	Throughout the course, 4 problem/exercise bulletins will be established for students to solve independently. These reports must be handed in solved on dates established by the teaching staff of the subject at the beginning of the course. The delivery must be made only through the teleteaching platform.	10	
Objective questions exam	Written tests to assess the individual work done by the student throughout the course. 4 tests will be carried out throughout the course on the dates that will be communicated to the students at the beginning of the course, or at least 2 weeks before the test. Each test will be valued at 10% of the overall grade for the subject, with the total of tests valued at 40% of the final grade. To pass the subject, it will be a necessary condition to achieve at least 40% of the mark of this test. The indicated value will be scored, provided that at least 45% of the possible grade is reached in the final exam.	40	B3 C14 D1 B4 D2 D9 D10 D16

Other comments on the Evaluation

Ethical Commitment: The student is expected to demonstrate appropriate ethical behavior. If unethical behavior is detected (copying, plagiarism, use of unauthorized electronic devices and others), they consider that the student does not meet the necessary requirements to pass the subject. In this case, the overall grade of this course will be suspended (0.0). The use of any electronic device will not be allowed during the assessment tests unless expressly authorized. The fact of introducing an unauthorized electronic device into the exam room will be considered a reason for not passing the subject in this academic year and the overall grade (0.0) will be suspended.

Sources of information

Basic Bibliography

Manuel Vázquez, **Resistencia de materiales**,

Complementary Bibliography

Hibbeler, R., **Mecánica de materiales**,

Ortiz Berrocal, L., **Resistencia de materiales**, Ed. McGraw-Hill,

González Taboada, J.A., **Tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos**, Ed. Autor,

González Taboada, J.A., **Fundamentos y problemas de tensiones y deformaciones en materiales elásticos**, Ed. Autor,

Recommendations

Other comments

Requirements: To enroll in the subject, it is necessary to have passed or be enrolled in all the subjects of the courses below the course in which this subject is scheduled.

IDENTIFYING DATA				
Termodinámica e transmisión de calor				
Subject	Termodinámica e transmisión de calor			
Code	V12G360V01405			
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais			
Descriptors	ECTS Credits	Choose	Year	Quadmester
	6	Mandatory	2	2c
Teaching language	Castelán			
Department				
Coordinator	Morán González, Jorge Carlos Santos Navarro, José Manuel			
Lecturers	Giraldez Leirado, Alejandro Morán González, Jorge Carlos Vidal López, Antonio José			
E-mail	jmoran@uvigo.es josanna@uvigo.es			
Web				
General description	Na práctica totalidade dos procesos industriais requírese a aplicación dos Principios da Termodinámica e da Transferencia de Calor. O coñecemento destes principios é básico en Enxeñaría Térmica. Por exemplo, para a realización dunha análise enerxética (con determinación do rendemento enerxético e *exergético) de sistemas de potencia para a xeración de electricidade (ciclo combinado con *turbina de vapor e de gas), un ciclo de potencia mecánica, un ciclo en bomba de calor, etc. O coñecemento de se un proceso termodinámico pode ocorrer ou non na realidade é imprescindible para o deseño de novos procesos, así como o coñecemento das máximas prestacións que se poden obter nos diferentes dispositivos que compoñen unha instalación enerxética, e cales son as causas que imposibilitan obter esas máximas prestacións. Ademais, o estudo das propiedades termodinámicas dos fluídos de traballo que circulan polos dispositivos, auga, aire, *refrigerantes, gases e mestura de gases, é indispensable para analizar o comportamento dos sistemas térmicos. Así mesmo, o estudo do procedemento a seguir para a análise enerxética de instalacións enerxéticas de sistemas de refrixeración, acondicionamento de aire e en procesos de combustión é de gran interese. Doutra banda, é interesante para o alumno coñecer os mecanismos polos cales se produce a transferencia da enerxía, principalmente debido a unha diferenza de temperaturas, centrándose en determinar a maneira e a velocidade á que se produce ese intercambio de enerxía. Neste sentido preséntanse o tres modos de transferencia de calor e os modelos matemáticos que permiten calcular as velocidades de transferencia de calor. Así se pretende que os alumnos sexan capaces de expor e resolver problemas *ingenieriles de transferencia de calor mediante o uso de ecuacións *algebraicas. Tamén se pretende que os alumnos coñezan outros métodos matematicamente máis complexos de resolución de problemas de transferencia de calor e saiban onde atopalos e como usalos en caso de necesitalos.			

Resultados de Formación e Aprendizaxe	
Code	
B4	CG4 Capacidade para resolver problemas con iniciativa, toma de decisións, creatividade, razoamento crítico e de comunicar e transmitir coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas no campo da enxeñaría industrial.
B5	CG5 Coñecementos para a realización de medicións, cálculos, valoracións, taxacións, peritaxes, estudos, informes, planes de labores e outros traballos análogos.
B6	CG6 Capacidade para o manexo de especificacións, regulamentos e normas de obrigado cumprimento.
B7	CG7 Capacidade para analizar e valorar o impacto social e ambiental das solucións técnicas.
B11	CG11 Coñecemento, comprensión e capacidade para aplicar a lexislación relativa a instalacións industriais.
C7	CE7 Coñecementos de termodinámica aplicada e transmisión de calor. Principios básicos e a súa aplicación á resolución de problemas de enxeñaría.
D2	CT2 Resolución de problemas.
D7	CT7 Capacidade de organizar e planificar.
D9	CT9 Aplicar coñecementos.
D10	CT10 Aprendizaxe e traballo autónomos.
D17	CT17 Traballo en equipo.

Resultados previstos na materia	
Expected results from this subject	Training and Learning Results

Capacidade para coñecer, entender e utilizar os *principios e fundamentos da termodinámica aplicada	B5 B6 B7	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10 D17
Capacidade para coñecer e *entendr o principio e fundamentos da *transmision da calor	B5 B6 B7 B11	C7	D2 D7 D9 D17
Capacidade para coñecer e entender os principios e fundamentos de equipos e xeradores térmicos	B4 B5 B6 B7	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10 D17
Analizar o funcionamento de sistemas térmicos, como sistemas de bomba de calor e ciclos de refrixeración ou ciclos de potencia, identificando compoñentes, así como os ciclos empregados para obter altas prestacións	B4 B5 B6 B7 B11	C7	D2 D7 D9 D17

Contidos

Topic

REVISIÓN DO PRIMEIRO E SEGUNDO PRINCIPIO DA TERMODINÁMICA
 PROPIEDADES DE SUSTANCIAS PURAS: MANEXO DE TÁBOAS E *DIAGRAMAS
 ANÁLISE DE SISTEMAS ABERTOS SEGUNDO A PRIMEIRA E SEGUNDA LEI DA TERMODINÁMICA
 APLICACIÓNS DA ENXEÑARÍA TERMODINÁMICA: CICLOS DE POTENCIA E CICLOS DE REFRIXERACIÓN
 CONCEPTOS E PRINCIPIOS FUNDAMENTAIS DA TRANSMISIÓN DE CALOR
 TRANSMISIÓN DE CALOR POR CONDUCCIÓN. CONDUCCIÓN EN RÉXIME PERMANENTE
 *UNIDIRECCIONAL
 TRANSMISIÓN DE CALOR POR *CONVECCIÓN: FUNDAMENTOS E CORRELACIÓNS DE *CONVECCIÓN
 TRANSMISIÓN DE CALOR POR RADIACIÓN: PRINCIPIOS XERAIS. RADIACIÓN TÉRMICA
 APLICACIÓNS INDUSTRIAIS: INTERCAMBIADORES DE CALOR

Planificación

	Class hours	Hours outside the classroom	Total hours
Lección maxistral	32.5	65	97.5
Prácticas de laboratorio	6	0	6
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	0	18.5	18.5
Resolución de problemas	12	12	24
Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios	0	3	3
Exame de preguntas obxectivas	1	0	1

*The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Metodoloxía docente

	Description
Lección maxistral	Exposición por parte do profesor dos contidos da materia obxecto de estudo, onde se procurará a máxima participación do alumno, a través da súa implicación directa na formulación de cuestións e/ou problemas,
Prácticas de laboratorio	Experimentación de procesos reais en laboratorio e que complementan os contidos que se imparten na materia
Resolución de problemas de forma autónoma	Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios relacionados coa materia que o alumno levará a cabo mediante a consulta da bibliografía

Resolución de problemas	Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios relacionados coa materia que o alumno realizará en aula e/ou laboratorio. Resolveranse problemas de carácter "tipo" e/ou exemplos prácticos. Salientarase o traballo en expor métodos de resolución e non nos resultados.
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Atención personalizada

Methodologies	Description
Lección maxistral	Formulación de dúbidas en horario de *tutorías. O alumno exporá, durante o horario dedicado ás *tutorías, as dúbidas concernentes aos contidos que se desenvolven na materia, e/ou exercicios ou problemas que se expoñan relativos á aplicación dos contidos
Prácticas de laboratorio	Formulación de dúbidas en horario de prácticas. O alumno exporá, durante o horario dedicado ás prácticas, as dúbidas relativas aos conceptos e desenvolvemento das citadas prácticas
Resolución de problemas	Formulación de dúbidas en horario de *tutorías. O alumno exporá, durante o horario dedicado ás *tutorías, as dúbidas concernentes aos contidos que se desenvolven na materia, e/ou exercicios ou problemas que se expoñan relativos á aplicación dos contidos

Avaliación

Actividade	Description	Qualification	Training and Learning Results			
Resolución de problemas e/ou exercicios	Consistirá na realización de distintos exercicios ao longo do período lectivo aprobado polo centro, consistente na resolución de problemas de resposta extensa, ou exercicios e/ou cuestións teóricas, relativos aos contidos da materia desenvolvida en tempo/condicións establecido/as polo profesor. Cada unha destas actividades non superará o 40% da cualificación final da materia. Os alumnos deben desenvolver, relacionar, organizar, xustificar e presentar os coñecementos que teñen sobre os contidos da materia en respostas argumentadas. Resultados de aprendizaxe: Capacidade para coñecer, entender e utilizar os principios e fundamentos da termodinámica aplicada e a transmisión de calor, argumentando as solucións propostas	70- 80	B4 B5 B6 B7	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10	
Exame de preguntas obxectivas	Ao longo do período lectivo realizaranse varias actividades baseadas en probas escritas ou orais de resposta curta. Resultados de aprendizaxe: Capacidade para comprender, comunicar e transmitir coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas no campo da termodinámica aplicada e a transmisión de calor	20-30	B6	C7	D2 D7 D9 D10	

Other comments on the Evaluation

Todos os días lectivos consideraranse probables e susceptibles de incluír algunha actividade de avaliación continua. Estas actividades serán notificadas con suficiente antelación, e realizaranse dentro do horario lectivo aprobado polo centro, durante as sesións en aula e/ou sesións de problemas e/ou laboratorio que teñen lugar ao longo do curso. Caso de insuficiencia de medios, o profesorado articulará o mecanismo de planificación que garanta o mellor axuste ao horario.

Rexerase a realización destas actividades avaliación continua en tempo/condicións establecido/as polo profesor.

Modalidade de Avaluación Global.

O alumnado que o seu elección sexa a modalidade de avaliación global deberá obter oficialmente a renuncia á modalidade de avaliación continua, utilizando as canles previstas pola escola, e será avaliado dentro do prazo de probas oficiais (dúas oportunidades de avaliación do curso) marcado no calendario académico do curso nas datas oficiais fixadas polo centro.

Esta modalidade de avaliación global tendrá en conta todos os contidos impartidos na materia, tanto os que impartiron as clases docentes de teoría, sesións de problemas e prácticas de laboratorio, e suporá o 100% da nota máxima.

Constará de dous partes:

1.- Proba escrita consistente na resolución de problemas de resposta extensa, relativos aos contidos da materia desenvolvida e en tempo/condicións establecido/as polo profesor, e onde os alumnos deben desenvolver, relacionar, organizar, xustificar e presentar os coñecementos que teñen sobre os contidos da materia a través de respostas argumentadas. O peso sobre a cualificación final será do 70-80%

2.- Unha proba específica que incluíra tanto os contidos impartidos nas sesións de teoría como das sesións prácticas de laboratorio. Consistirá en cuestións teóricas e/ou realización dunha proba test de preguntas onde o alumno deberá transmitir os coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas relativos aos contidos teóricos da materia. Non se permitirá ningunha clase de formulario ou similar, nin calculadora nesta proba específica. O peso sobre a cualificación final será do 20-30%.

Calquera evidencia deste tipo de proba, escrita e/ou específica, consideraranse avaluable e se lles tendrá en conta para a cualificación final.

Criterios de cualificación

En todo caso, é necesario obter unha nota final igual ou superior a 5 puntos para superar a materia, en calquera das dúas oportunidades de avaliación (ordinaria e extraordinaria).

O alumnado deberá xustificar ou argumentar todos os resultados que se propoñan nas solucións propostas nos problemas de resposta longa. Non se dará ningún resultado por "sobrentendido" e terase en conta o desenvolvemento explicativo utilizado para chegar á solución proposta.

Na oportunidade de avaliación ordinaria, a cualificación do alumnado (CF), seguindo a modalidade de avaliación continua, calcularase sumando as diferentes notas obtidas nas sucesivas actividades de avaliación continua. Se a súa elección é a modalidade de avaliación global, a nota do alumno (CF) determinarase considerando a suma das notas da parte da proba escrita e da específica.

O alumnado que non superase a materia en á oportunidade ordinaria, en á oportunidade extraordinaria de avaliación, será avaliado sobre todos os contidos impartidos na materia, tanto os impartidos nas clases teóricas como nas sesións de problemas e nas prácticas de laboratorio, e terá unha puntuación de 100 % da nota máxima.

Utilizarase un sistema de cualificación numérica de 0 a 10 puntos segundo a lexislación vixente (RD 1125/2003, do 5 de setembro, BOE do 18 de setembro).

CONVOCATORIA DE FIN DE CARREIRA:

poderán ter un formato de exame distinto ao detallado anteriormente. Realizarase mediante un exame escrito no que se abordarán os aspectos máis relevantes da materia, tanto en cuestións teóricas como mediante problemas de resolución numérica que permitirán obter o 100% da avaliación e deberá ser un mínimo do 50%. chegou a superar o tema

Todas as probas deberán realizarse con bolígrafo ou bolígrafo, preferentemente azul. Non se permitirá a entrega destas probas a lapis ou bolígrafo vermello. Non se permitirá o uso de dispositivos electrónicos como tabletas, teléfonos intelixentes, reloxos intelixentes, portátiles, etc. en todas as probas, xa sexan de avaliación continua ou de avaliación global. ou dispositivos similares non autorizados

Compromiso ético.

Espérase que o alumnado presente un comportamento ético adecuado. No caso de detectarse comportamentos pouco éticos (copia, plaxio, uso de dispositivos electrónicos non autorizados, etc.), consideraranse que o alumnado non reúne os requisitos necesarios para superar a materia. Neste caso, a nota global deste curso académico será de suspenso (0,0).

Non se permitirá o uso de ningún dispositivo electrónico durante as probas de avaliación, salvo autorización expresa. O feito de introducir na aula de exames un dispositivo electrónico non autorizado terá a consideración de motivo de non superación da materia neste curso académico e a nota global será suspenso (0,0).

Bibliografía. Fontes de información

Basic Bibliography

Çengel, Yunus y Boles, Michael, **Termodinámica**, 7ª Edición, McGraw-Hill, 2012

Çengel Yunus A., Boles Michael A., **Thermodynamics : an engineering approach**, 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel Y.A., y Ghajar A.J., **Transferencia de Calor y Masa. fundamentos y aplicaciones**, 4ª edición, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Çengel, Yunus A., **Heat and mass transfer: a practical approach**, 4th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2011

Complementary Bibliography

Çengel Y.A., **Introduction to Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer**, McGraw-Hill, 2008

Moran M.J. y Shapiro H.N., **Fundamentos de Termodinámica Técnica**, 2ª edición - castellano, Ed. Reverté, 2004

Merle C. Porter y Craig W. Somerton, **Termodinámica para ingenieros**, McGraw-Hill/Interamericana de España, 2004

Incropera F.P. y DeWitt D.P., **Introduction to Heat Transfer**, 2002

Wark, K. y Richards, D.E., **Termodinámica**, McGraw-Hill, 2010

Kreith J. y Bohn M.S., **Principios de Transferencia de Calor**, 2001,

Mills A.F., **Transferencia de calor**, 1995

Recomendacións

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Física: Física II/V12G340V01202

Matemáticas: Cálculo I/V12G340V01104

Matemáticas: Cálculo II e ecuacións diferenciais/V12G340V01204

Other comments

Para matricularse nesta materia será necesario ter superado ou estar matriculado de todas as materias de cursos inferiores ao curso no que está emprazada esta materia

Dada a limitación de tempo da materia Termodinámica e Transmisión de Calor, recoméndase que o alumno supere a materia Física II de 1º Curso ou que teña os coñecementos dos Principios de la Termodinámica equivalentes.
